



Private Security Act - Disqualifying Offences

The *Private Security Act* provides for disqualifying offences for the categories of licence of Security Officer, Crowd Controller, and Security Firm.

The disqualifying offences are prescribed by regulation.

A person is not an appropriate person to hold a licence if the person has been convicted of a disqualifying offence within 10 years of applying for the licence. An application is refused by the Director-General of Licensing in such circumstance.

Being charged with a disqualifying offence is also a ground for suspension of a current licence.

A disqualifying offence is any offence against a law of the Commonwealth where the penalty for the offence is imprisonment for two years or more.					
A disqualifying office is an offence against Part II, Division 1 of the <i>Misuse of Drugs Act</i>					
A disqualifying office is an offence against a section of the Weapons Control Act specified below					
S6	Prohibited weapons	S8	Offensive weapons		
S7	Controlled weapons	S9	Body armour		
A disqualifying office is an offence against a section of the <i>Firearms Act</i> specified below					
S59	Firearms to be registered	S82	Discharge of firearms on roads, & c.		
S61	Manufacture of firearms	S83	Prohibited use of firearms		
S63A	Trafficking in firearms	S84	Discharge of firearms causing danger, & c.		
S74	Alteration of identification marks	S85	Breach of conditions		
S77	Silencers and machine guns	S86	Persons under influence of alcohol or drugs		
A disqualifying office is an offence against a section of the Criminal Code Act specified below					
S69	Going armed in public	S194	Kidnapping for ransom		
S132	Indecent dealing with a child under 16 years	S195	Kidnapping		
S156	Murder	S196	Deprivation of liberty		
S160	Manslaughter	S210	Stealing (where are custodial sentence is imposed that is wholly or partially served)		
S165	Attempt to murder	S211	Robbery		
S166	Threats to kill	S212	Assault with intent to steal		
S177	Acts intending to cause grievous harm or prevent apprehension	S227	Criminal deception		
S181	Grievous harm	S228	Blackmail and extortion		
S182	Attempting to injure by explosive substances	S228C	- Dealing in identification information		

S186	Bodily harm	S228D	 Possessing identification information 	
S188(2)Common assault with specified		S228E – Possessing equipment used to deal in		
	circumstance of aggravation	identific	cation information or identification	
		docume	entation	
S189A	Assaults on police	S229	Receiving stolen property	
S189	Unlawful stalking	S231	Taking reward for recovery of property	
			obtained by means of crime	
S192	Sexual intercourse and gross indecency	S233	False accounting	
	without consent			
S192B	Coerced sexual self-manipulation	S243(1) - Arson		
S193	Assaults with intent to commit an offence	S260 - Uttering forged documents or writings or counterfeit tokens		