



2014 JOBS PROFILE

YUENDUMU

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Preferred Reference: Department of Business, 2014 Jobs Profiles, Northern Territory Government, November 2014, Darwin.

Disclaimer

The data in this publication were predominantly collected by conducting a face-to-face survey of businesses within town boundaries during mid-2014. The collection methodology was created in accordance with Australian Bureau of Statistics data quality framework principles. Data in this publication are only reflective of those businesses reported on as operating in the town at the time of data collection (see Table 30 for list of businesses reported on).

To comply with privacy legislation or where appropriate, some data in this publication may have been adjusted and will not reflect the actual data reported by businesses. As a result of this, combined with certain data not being reported by some businesses, some components may not add to totals and changes over time may be partially reflective of business' change in propensity to report on certain data items rather than actual changes over time. Total figures have generally not been adjusted.

Caution is advised when interpreting the comparisons made to the earlier 2011 publication as the businesses identified and reported on and the corresponding jobs may differ between publications.

Notes for each table and chart are alphabetically ordered and listed at the end of the publication.

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This profile is intended to be used as an evidence base to inform decision making relating to workforce development and enterprise opportunity in this town. This is the second production and publication of the jobs profiles, the first was provided in 2011 to support the implementation of the National Partnership Agreement on Remote Service Delivery.

Yuendumu

Yuendumu is located 290 kilometres north-west of Alice Springs on the Tanami Highway.

The Northern Territory Government is working with Australian Territorians. the Government, regional councils, land councils, private businesses, Aboriginal organisations, not-forprofit organisations and industry groups to improve the standard of livina in remote Territory communities.

This publication provides а iobs and snapshot of the characteristics of job holders in Yuendumu as at June-July 2014. It contains information collected Northern by the Territory Department of Business from businesses operating within the town and is supplemented by other administrative data sets and information. This 2014 publication also compares and comments on variations that are evidenced between the 2014 and earlier 2011 collection periods.

The information collected and reported on represents а significant goodwill investment by businesses those that participated. Each business is listed at the end of this publication.



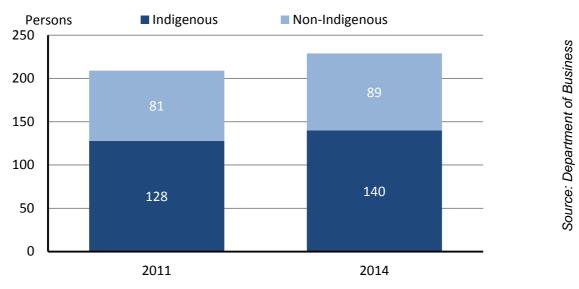
Publication Summary

At the time of collection in 2014 in Yuendumu there were a total of 255 filled and vacant jobs, an increase of 23 jobs overall from 2011. Filled jobs increased by 20 to 229 jobs.

Of the 229 filled jobs there were:

 140 jobs held by Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011, and 89 jobs were held by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011

Summary Chart 1: Count of filled jobs in Yuendumu by Indigenous status, 2011 and 2014



- 106 jobs in the public sector, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011, and 123 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 27 jobs over the same period
- 124 permanent jobs, an increase of 49 jobs from 2011, and 105 temporary jobs, a decrease of 29 jobs from 2011
- 109 jobs filled by males, an increase of 15 jobs from 2011, and 120 jobs filled by females, an increase of 5 jobs over the same period
- 24 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011, 143 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, an increase of 50 job from 2011, and 62 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, a decrease of 23 jobs from 2011
- 67 jobs as Community and personal service workers, making it the largest occupation group in terms of filled jobs
 - o other significant occupation groups were:
 - Professionals with 58 filled jobs
 - Labourers with 31 jobs filled jobs
- there were 26 vacancies, an increase of 3 vacancies from 2011.

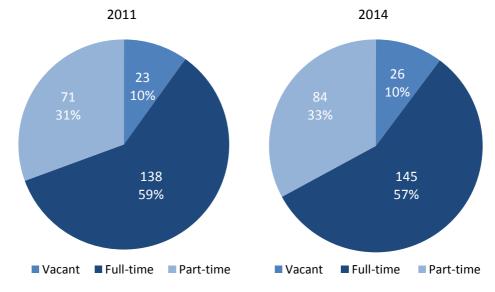
Jobs Overview

 Table 1: Count of filled jobs and vacancies, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)

	2011	2014	Change
Total All Jobs	232	255	23
Vacancies	23	26	3
Vacancies as % of Total All Jobs	9.9%	10.2%	0.3 ppt
Filled Jobs	209	229	20
Full-time	138	145	7
Part-time	71	84	13

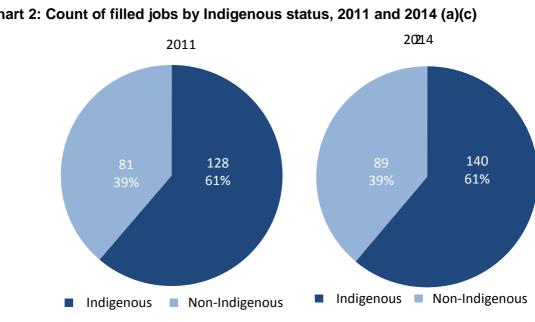
Source: Department of Business

Chart 1: Count of vacant jobs and filled jobs by full-time/part-time status, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)



Source: Department of Business

- there were a total of 229 filled jobs, an increase of 20 jobs from 2011
 - $\circ~$ of the 229 filled jobs in 2014:
 - 145 were full-time jobs, an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - 84 were part-time jobs, an increase of 13 jobs from 2011
- there were 26 total job vacancies in 2014, an increase of 3 vacancies from 2011.



Jobs by Indigenous Status



Source: Department of Business

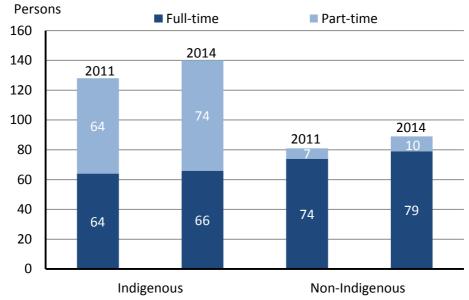
- of the 229 filled jobs:
 - o 140 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - o 89 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
- Indigenous persons accounted for 61% of job holders compared to 61% in 2011.

Table 2: Count of filled	jobs by full-time/part-tim	e status and	Indigenous s	status of
person in job, 2011 and 20)14 (a)(b)(c)			

Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	2014 Non-Indisenous	Total	Indigenous	Change Non-Indigenous	Total
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Full-time	64	74	138	66	79	145	2	5	7
Part-time	64	7	71	74	10	84	10	3	13
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business





Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- of the 229 filled jobs:
 - o 66 were full-time jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - o 74 were part-time jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - \circ 79 were full-time jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
 - $\circ~$ 10 were part-time jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011.

Jobs by Sector

Table 3: Count of filled jobs by sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and	
2014 (a)(c)(d)	

		2011			2014			Change	
Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indi ^{genouc}	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indi ^{genouc}	Total
Public Sector	73	40	113	71	35	106	-2	-5	-7
Commonwealth Government	3	2	5	14	3	17	11	1	12
Territory Government	19	28	47	28	27	55	9	-1	8
Local Government	51	10	61	29	5	34	-22	-5	-27
Private Sector	55	41	96	69	54	123	14	13	27
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business

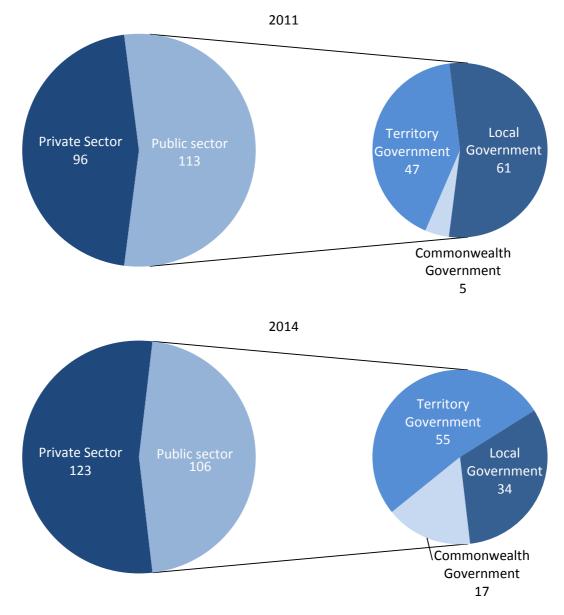
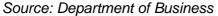
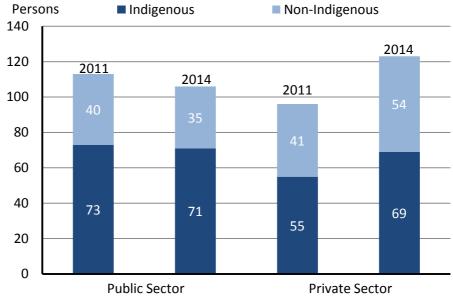


Chart 4: Count of filled jobs by sector of business, 2011 and 2014 (a)(d)



- of the 106 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - o 17 jobs were in the Commonwealth Government, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - o 55 jobs were in the Territory Government, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - o 34 jobs were in the Local Government, a decrease of 27 jobs from 2011
- there were 123 jobs in the private sector in 2014, an increase of 27 jobs from 2011.

Chart 5: Count of filled jobs by sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(d)

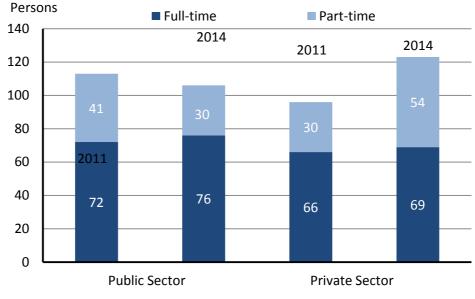


Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- of the 106 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - $\circ~$ 71 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011
 - $\circ~$ 35 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
- of the 123 jobs in the private sector in 2014:
 - o 69 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 14 jobs from 2011
 - o 54 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 13 jobs from 2011.

Chart 6: Count of filled jobs by sector and full-time/part-time status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(d)



Source: Department of Business

- of the 106 jobs in the public sector:
 - \circ 76 were full-time jobs, an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - \circ $\,$ 30 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 11 jobs from 2011 $\,$
- of the 123 jobs in the private sector:
 - o 69 were full-time jobs, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - o 54 were part-time jobs, an increase of 24 jobs from 2011.

Table 4: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Indigenous status of person in job by sector, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)

		2011										
Indicator		Indigenous		Nc	on-Indigeno	us	Total					
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total			
Public sector	35	38	73	37	3	40	72	41	113			
Private sector	29	26	55	37	4	41	66	30	96			
Total	64	64	128	74	7	81	138	71	209			

	2014										
Indicator		Indigenous		Nc	on-Indigeno	us	Total				
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total		
Public sector	42	29	71	34	1	35	76	30	106		
Private sector	24	45	69	45	9	54	69	54	123		
Total	66	74	140	79	10	89	145	84	229		

Source: Department of Business

- of the 71 jobs in the public sector filled by Indigenous persons:
 - \circ 42 were full-time jobs, an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - o 29 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
- of the 69 jobs in the private sector filled by Indigenous persons:
 - o 24 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - o 45 were part-time jobs, an increase of 19 jobs from 2011
- of the 35 jobs in the public sector filled by non-Indigenous persons:
 - o 34 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - o 1 was a part-time job, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011
- of the 54 jobs in the private sector filled by non-Indigenous persons:
 - o 45 were full-time jobs, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - o 9 were part-time jobs, an increase of 5 jobs from 2011.

Job Permanency

Table 5: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Indigenous status of p	person in
job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(e)	

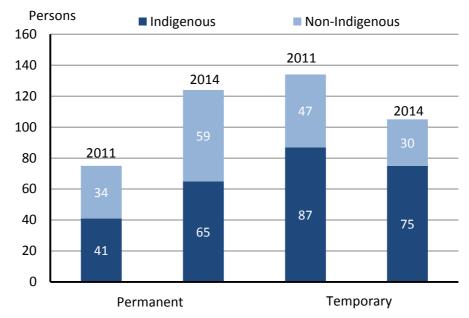
Indicator	Indigenous	2011 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	2014 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Change Non-Indigenous	Total
Permanent	41	34	75	65	59	124	24	25	49
Temporary	87	47	134	75	30	105	-12	-17	-29
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- there were 124 permanent jobs, an increase of 49 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - o 65 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 24 jobs from 2011
 - o 59 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 25 jobs from 2011
- there were 105 temporary jobs, a decrease of 29 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - o 75 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011
 - o 30 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 17 jobs from 2011.

Chart 7: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(e)



Source: Department of Business

Table 6: Count of filled jobs by sector, Indigenous status and employment status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(d)(e)

		2011									
Indicator		Indigenous			n-Indigen	ous	Total				
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Тетр	Total	Perm	Temp	Total		
Public Sector	18	55	73	16	24	40	34	79	113		
Private Sector	23	32	55	18	23	41	41	55	96		
Total	41	87	128	34	47	81	75	134	209		

	2014								
Indicator	Indigenous			No	n-Indigen	ous	Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	32	39	71	29	6	35	61	45	106
Private Sector	33	36	69	30	24	54	63	60	123
Total	65	75	140	59	30	89	124	105	229

Source: Department of Business

- of the 106 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - \circ 61 jobs were permanent, an increase of 27 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 32 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 14 jobs from 2011
 - 29 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 13 jobs from 2011
 - o 45 jobs were temporary, a decrease of 34 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 39 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 16 jobs from 2011
 - 6 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 18 jobs from 2011
- of the 123 jobs in the private sector in 2014:
 - o 63 jobs were permanent, an increase of 22 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 33 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - 30 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - o 60 jobs were temporary, an increase of 5 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 36 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - 24 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 1 job from 2011.

Job Vacancies

Table 7: Job vacancies, 2011 and 2014

Indicator	2011	2014	Change
Job vacancies	23	26	3

Source: Department of Business

Table 8: Job vacancies by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011	2014	Change
Clerical and Administrative Workers	1	3	2
Community and Personal Service Workers	6	17	11
Labourers	9	1	-8
Managers	0	1	1
Professionals	3	4	1
Sales Workers	1	0	-1
Technicians and Trades Workers	3	0	-3
Total	23	26	3

Source: Department of Business

Table 9: Job vacancies by job title, June-July 2014 (f)

Job Vacancy	No.
Aboriginal Health Worker	3
Administration Officer	1
Aged Care Worker	3
Children's Services Area Coordinator	1
Cleaner	1
Community Services Officer	2
Domestic Violence Safe House Worker	1
Early Childhood Educator	3
English as a Second Language (ESL) Teacher	1
Home Liaison Officer	1
Integrated Family Service Leader	1
Police Constable	1
Senior Aged Care Worker	1
Student Attendance Officer	3
Student Attendance Supervisor	1
Teacher	1
VET Trainer	1
Total	26

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- there were 26 vacancies reported, an increase of 3 vacancies from 2011
- of the 26 reported vacancies, the largest requirements were for:
 - 17 Community and personal service workers, e.g. Early childhood educator, Aged care worker
 - o 4 Professionals, e.g. Teacher, Home liaison officer
 - o 3 Clerical and administrative workers, e.g. Community services officer

Jobs by Industry

Table 10: Count of filled jobs by industry of business, 2011 and 2014 (a)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC Division)	20	11	20	Change	
industry (ANZSIC Division)	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	6	2.9%	13	5.7%	7
Construction	10	4.8%	1	0.4%	-9
Education and Training	41	19.6%	37	16.2%	-4
Health Care and Social Assistance	43	20.6%	88	38.4%	45
Other Services	0	0.0%	15	6.6%	15
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	22	10.5%	0	0.0%	-22
Public Administration and Safety	70	33.5%	56	24.5%	-14
Retail Trade	15	7.2%	19	8.3%	4
Total	209	100.0%	229	100.0%	20

Source: Department of Business

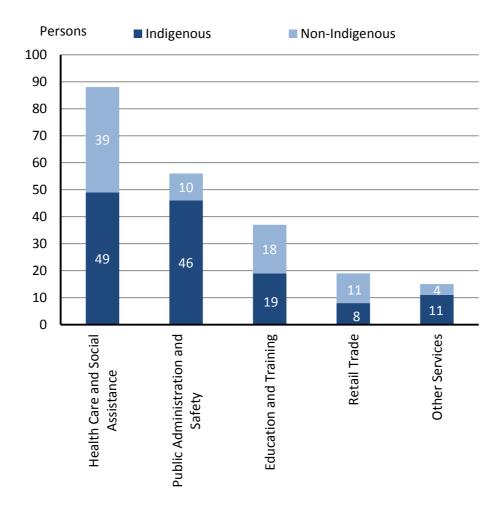
- the Health care and social assistance industry was the largest industry employer, with 88 filled jobs or 38.4% of filled jobs, an increase of 45 jobs from 2011
- other significant industry employers were:
 - Public administration and safety with 56 jobs (or 24.5% of filled jobs), a decrease of 14 jobs from 2011
 - Education and training with 37 jobs (or 16.2% of filled jobs), a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011
 - Retail trade with 19 jobs (or 8.3% of filled jobs), an increase of 4 jobs from 2011.

Table 11: Count of filled jobs by industry of business and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(h)

		2011			2014			Change	
Industry (ANZSIC division)	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indi <i>B</i> enous	Non-Indi ^{genous}	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	1	5	6	7	6	13	6	1	7
Construction	7	3	10	0	1	1	-7	-2	-9
Education and Training	19	22	41	19	18	37	0	-4	-4
Health Care and Social Assistance	16	27	43	49	39	88	33	12	45
Other Services	0	0	0	11	4	15	11	4	15
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	18	4	22	0	0	0	-18	-4	-22
Public Administration and Safety	57	13	70	46	10	56	-11	-3	-14
Retail Trade	8	7	15	8	11	19	0	4	4
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business

Chart 8: Count of filled jobs by top 5 industries of business and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(c)(h)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- there were 140 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, including:
 - o 49 jobs in Health care and social assistance, an increase of 33 jobs from 2011
 - o 46 jobs in Public administration and safety, a decrease of 11 jobs from 2011
 - \circ 19 jobs in Education and training, unchanged from 2011
- there were 89 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, including:
 - o 39 jobs in Health care and social assistance, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - \circ 10 jobs in Public administration and safety, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - o 18 jobs in Education and training, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011.

Table 12: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 (a)(c)(e)(h)

					2011				
Industry (ANZSIC division)	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	0	1	1	1	4	5	1	5	6
Construction	3	4	7	3	0	3	6	4	10
Education and Training	6	13	19	8	14	22	14	27	41
Health Care and Social Assistance	9	7	16	7	20	27	16	27	43
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	8	10	18	4	0	4	12	10	22
Public Administration and Safety	14	43	57	6	7	13	20	50	70
Retail Trade	1	7	8	5	2	7	6	9	15
Total	41	87	128	34	47	81	75	134	209

Source: Department of Business

Table 13: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(c)(e)(h)

					2014				
Industry (ANZSIC division)	Ir	ndigenou	IS	Nor	-Indigen	ious	Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	1	6	7	3	3	6	4	9	13
Construction	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Education and Training	7	12	19	12	6	18	19	18	37
Health Care and Social Assistance	41	8	49	32	7	39	73	15	88
Other Services	1	10	11	0	4	4	1	14	15
Public Administration and Safety	12	34	46	7	3	10	19	37	56
Retail Trade	3	5	8	5	6	11	8	11	19
Total	65	75	140	59	30	89	124	105	229

Source: Department of Business

- there were 124 permanent jobs an increase of 49 jobs from 2011, including:
 - \circ 73 jobs in Health Care and social assistance, an increase of 57 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 41 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 32 jobs from 2011
 - 32 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 25 jobs from 2011
 - o 19 jobs in Education and training, an increase of 5 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 7 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - 12 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - o 19 jobs in Public administration and safety, a decrease of 1 job from 2011, including:
 - 12 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011
 - 7 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 1 job from 2011
- there were 105 temporary jobs a decrease of 29 jobs from 2011, including:
 - o 37 jobs in Public administration and safety, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 34 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
 - 3 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011
 - o 18 jobs in Education and training, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 12 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - 6 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011
 - o 15 jobs in Health care and social assistance, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 8 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - 7 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011.

Jobs by Occupation

Table 14: Count of filled jobs by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (a)(f)(g)

Occuration (ANZECO maior group)	20	11	20	14	Change
Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	27	12.9%	30	13.1%	3
Community and Personal Service Workers	80	38.3%	67	29.3%	-13
Labourers	17	8.1%	31	13.5%	14
Machinery Operators and Drivers	2	1.0%	1	0.4%	-1
Managers	14	6.7%	20	8.7%	6
Professionals	58	27.8%	58	25.3%	0
Sales Workers	3	1.4%	9	3.9%	6
Technicians and Trades Workers	7	3.3%	13	5.7%	6
Other occupations	1	0.5%	0	0.0%	-1
Total	209	100.0%	229	100.0%	20

Source: Department of Business

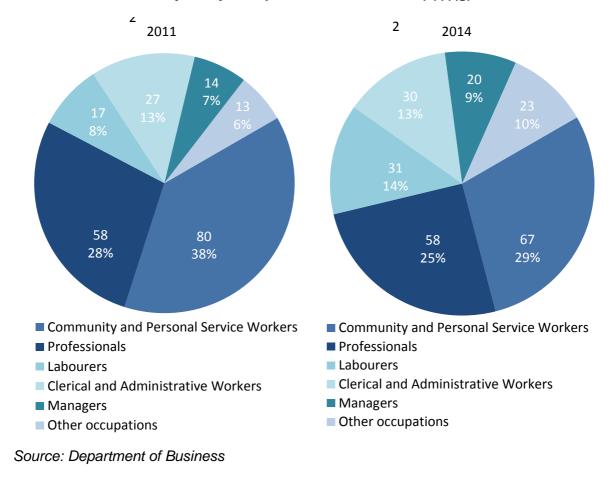


Chart 9: Count of filled jobs by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (a)(f)(g)

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- Community and personal service workers was the largest occupation classification in terms of filled jobs, accounting for 67 jobs (29.3% of total filled jobs), a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011
- other significant occupation classifications were:
 - o Professionals (58 jobs or 25.3%) unchanged from 2011
 - o Labourers (31 jobs or 13.5%) an increase of 14 jobs from 2011
 - o Clerical and administrative workers (30 jobs or 13.1%) an increase of 3 jobs from 2011.

Table 15: Count of filled jobs by occupation (ANZSCO) and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(f)(g)

		2011			2014			Change	
Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	17	10	27	18	12	30	1	2	3
Community and Personal Service Workers	58	22	80	55	12	67	-3	-10	-13
Labourers	11	6	17	20	11	31	9	5	14
Machinery Operators and Drivers	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	-1	-1
Managers	1	13	14	4	16	20	3	3	6
Professionals	35	23	58	28	30	58	-7	7	0
Sales Workers	1	2	3	4	5	9	3	3	6
Technicians and Trades Workers	4	3	7	10	3	13	6	0	6
Other occupations	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	-1	-1
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business

- there were 140 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011, including:
 - o 55 Community and personal service workers, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - o 28 Professionals, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011
 - o 20 Labourers, an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
- there were 89 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011, including:
 - o 30 Professionals, an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - o 16 Managers, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - o 12 Clerical and administrative workers, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011.

Jobs by Industry by Occupation

Table 16: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2011 (a)(f)(g)(h)

		2011								
	_			Οςςι	upation (ANZSCO	major gr	oup)		
Industry (ANZSIC Division)	Clerical and Adminica.	Workers Community and Percon	Labourers	Machinery Operators	Urivers ²³ and Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trace	Other occupation	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	6
Construction	1	2	3	0	2	1	0	1	0	10
Education and Training	3	9	7	0	2	19	0	1	0	41
Health Care and Social Assistance	9	16	1	0	3	9	0	4	1	43
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	0	0	0	0	1	21	0	0	0	22
Public Administration and Safety	11	47	2	0	1	7	1	1	0	70
Retail Trade	2	5	2	2	3	0	1	0	0	15
Total	27	80	17	2	14	58	3	7	1	209

Source: Department of Business

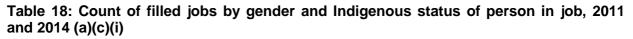
		2014								
	_			Οςςι	upation (ANZSCO	major gr	oup)		
Industry (ANZSIC Division)	Clerical and Administ.	Vorkers Community and Percon	Labourers Labourers	Machinery Operators	Urivers and Managers	Profession _{alc}	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trad	Vorkers ares Other occupation	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	0	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	0	13
Construction	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Education and Training	4	10	3	0	1	18	0	1	0	37
Health Care and Social Assistance	12	28	18	0	6	15	0	9	0	88
Other Services	1	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0	15
Public Administration and Safety	12	29	7	0	4	1	0	3	0	56
Retail Trade	1	0	3	1	5	0	9	0	0	19
Total	30	67	31	1	20	58	9	13	0	229

Table 17: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2014 (a)(f)(g)(h)

Source: Department of Business

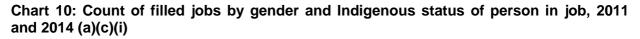
- the majority of Community and personal service workers (the largest occupation group) were in the Public administration and safety industry (the largest industry)
- the majority of Professionals (the second largest occupation group), were in the Education and training industry (the third largest industry), with 18 filled jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2011
- the majority of Clerical and administrative workers (the third largest occupation group) were in the Health care and social assistance (the largest industry) and the Public administration and safety industry (the second largest industry), accounting for 12 jobs each respectively.

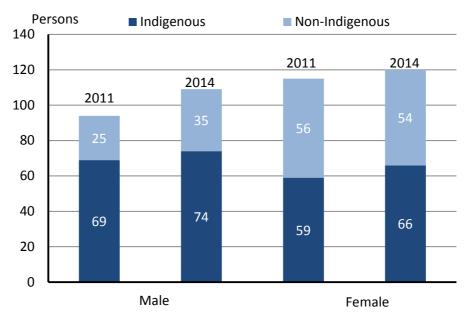
Jobs by Gender



Indicator	Indigenous	2011 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	2014 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Change Change Nou-UoN	Total
Male	69	25	94	74	35	109	5	10	15
Female	59	56	115	66	54	120	7	-2	5
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Source: Department of Business





Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Yuendumu:

- there were 109 jobs filled by males
- of the 109 jobs filled by males:
 - o 74 were Indigenous
 - o 35 were non-Indigenous
- there were 120 jobs filled by females
- of the 120 jobs filled by females:
 - o 66 were Indigenous
 - o 54 were non-Indigenous.

Note: Due to the large number of persons for whom gender was not reported in 2011, the changes between 2014 and 2011 should be interpreted with caution. Further, as a result of this some components may not sum to totals.

Table 19: Count of filled jobs by gender, full-time/part-time status, employment status, sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 (a)(b)(d)(e)(i)

			2	011					
		Male			Female			Total	
Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indi ^{genoue}	Total
Full-time	42	23	65	22	51	73	64	74	138
Part-time	27	2	29	37	5	42	64	7	71
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209
Permanent	25	11	36	16	23	39	41	34	75
Temporary	44	14	58	43	33	76	87	47	134
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209
Public sector	31	11	42	42	29	71	73	40	113
Private sector	38	14	52	17	27	44	55	41	96
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209

Source: Department of Business

Table 20: Count of filled jobs by gender, full-time/part-time status, employment status, sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

			2	014						
		Male			Female		Total			
Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenoue	Total	Indigeno _{US}	Non-Indi ^{genoue}	Total	
Full-time	40	33	73	26	46	72	66	79	145	
Part-time	34	2	36	40	8	48	74	10	84	
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229	
Permanent	40	18	58	25	41	66	65	59	124	
Temporary	34	17	51	41	13	54	75	30	105	
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229	
Public sector	35	10	45	36	25	61	71	35	106	
Private sector	39	25	64	30	29	59	69	54	123	
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229	

Source: Department of Business

- there were 109 jobs filled by males, including:
 - o 74 jobs filled by Indigenous males, including:
 - 40 full-time jobs and 34 part-time jobs
 - 40 permanent jobs and 34 temporary jobs
 - 35 public sector jobs and 39 private sector jobs
 - o 35 jobs filled by non-Indigenous males, including:
 - 33 full-time jobs and 2 part-time jobs
 - 18 permanent jobs and 17 temporary jobs
 - 10 public sector jobs and 25 private sector jobs
- there were 120 jobs filled by females, including:
 - o 66 jobs filled by Indigenous females, including:
 - 26 full-time jobs and 40 part-time jobs
 - 25 permanent jobs and 41 temporary jobs
 - 36 public sector jobs and 30 private sector jobs
 - $\circ~$ 54 jobs filled by non-Indigenous females, including:
 - 46 full-time jobs and 8 part-time jobs
 - 41 permanent jobs and 13 temporary jobs
 - 25 public sector jobs and 29 private sector jobs.

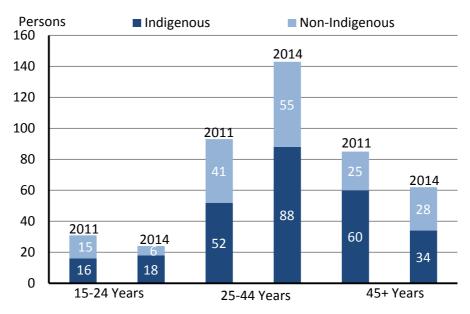
Jobs by Age

Indicator	Indigenous	2011 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	2014 Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Change Non-Indigenous	Total
15-24 years	16	15	31	18	6	24	2	-9	-7
25-44 years	52	41	93	88	55	143	36	14	50
45+ years	60	25	85	34	28	62	-26	3	-23
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	12	8	20

Table 21: Count of filled jobs by age and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(j)

Source: Department of Business

Chart 11: Count of filled jobs by age and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(j)



Source: Department of Business

- there were 24 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011
- of the 24 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years:
 - $\circ~$ 18 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - o 6 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
- there were 143 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, an increase of 50 jobs from 2011
- of the 143 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years:
 - o 88 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 36 jobs from 2011

- o 55 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 14 jobs from 2011
- there were 62 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, a decrease of 23 jobs from 2011
- of the 62 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years:
 - o 34 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 26 jobs from 2011
 - o 28 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011.

Table 22: Count of filled jobs by age, Indigenous status, employment status and sector of person in job, 2011 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(j)

					2011								
	1	5-24 year	s	2	5-44 year	s		45+ years			Total		
Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total										
Full-time	8	13	21	30	38	68	26	23	49	64	74	138	
Part-time	8	2	10	22	3	25	34	2	36	64	7	71	
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209	
Permanent	1	6	7	25	17	42	15	11	26	41	34	75	
Temporary	15	9	24	27	24	51	45	14	59	87	47	134	
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209	
Public sector	6	1	7	17	23	40	50	16	66	73	40	113	
Private sector	10	14	24	35	18	53	10	9	19	55	41	96	
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209	

Source: Department of Business

Table 23: Count of filled jobs by age, Indigenous status, employment status and sector of person in job, 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(j)

					2014							
	1	5-24 year	s	2	25-44 year	s		45+ years			Total	
Indicator	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total									
Full-time	8	5	13	40	46	86	18	28	46	66	79	145
Part-time	10	1	11	48	9	57	16	0	16	74	10	84
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229
Permanent	12	1	13	33	37	70	20	21	41	65	59	124
Temporary	6	5	11	55	18	73	14	7	21	75	30	105
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229
Public sector	4	0	4	49	26	75	18	9	27	71	35	106
Private sector	14	6	20	39	29	68	16	19	35	69	54	123
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229

Source: Department of Business

2014 Jobs Profile YUENDUMU

- there were 24 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, including:
 - o 18 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 8 were full-time jobs and 10 were part-time jobs
 - 12 were permanent jobs and 6 were temporary jobs
 - 4 were public sector jobs and 14 were private sector jobs
 - o 6 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 5 were full-time jobs and 1 was a part-time job
 - 1 was a permanent job and 5 were temporary jobs
 - none were public sector jobs and 6 were private sector jobs
- there were 143 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, including:
 - o 88 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 40 were full-time jobs and 48 were part-time jobs
 - 33 were permanent jobs and 55 were temporary jobs
 - 49 were public sector jobs and 39 were private sector jobs
 - o 55 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 46 were full-time jobs and 9 were part-time jobs
 - 37 were permanent jobs and 18 were temporary jobs
 - 26 were public sector jobs and 29 were private sector jobs
- there were 62 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, including:
 - 34 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 18 were full-time jobs and 16 were part-time jobs
 - 20 were permanent jobs and 14 were temporary jobs
 - 18 were public sector jobs and 16 were private sector jobs
 - o 28 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - 28 were full-time jobs and none were part-time jobs
 - 21 were permanent jobs and 7 were temporary jobs
 - 9 were public sector jobs and 19 were private sector jobs.

Vocational Education and Training

Table 24: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Students (k), 2010 and 2013

	20	10	20	13	Change
VET Funding Group	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	13	10	13
Automotive	0	0	2	2	2
Building and Construction	0	0	20	15	20
Business and Clerical	2	100	11	8	9
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	47	36	47
General Education and Training	0	0	6	5	6
Primary Industry	0	0	13	10	13
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	9	7	9
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	5	4	5
Transport and Storage	0	0	6	5	6
Total	2	100	132	100	130

Source: Department of Business

In Yuendumu during 2013:

- there were 132 VET students, an increase of 130 students from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most students were Community services, health and education (47), Building and construction (20), and Arts, entertainment, sports and recreation (13)
- Community services, health and education reported the largest increase in students (47) compared to 2010. There were no funding groups that reported a decrease in students between 2010 and 2013.

Table 25: Northern Terr	itory Vocationa	I Education	and Training	(VET) Unit	Enrolments
(I), 2010 and 2013			_		

	20	10	20	13	Change
VET Funding Group	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	82	15	82
Automotive	0	0	5	1	5
Building and Construction	0	0	66	12	66
Business and Clerical	12	100	49	9	37
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	163	30	163
General Education and Training	0	0	12	2	12
Primary Industry	0	0	18	3	18
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	99	18	99
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	36	7	36
Transport and Storage	0	0	6	1	6
Total	12	100	536	100	524

Source: Department of Business

In Yuendumu during 2013:

- there were 536 VET unit enrolments, an increase of 524 unit enrolments from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit enrolments were Community services, health and education (163), Sales and personal service (99), and Arts, entertainment, sports and recreation (82)
- Community services, health and education reported the largest increase in unit enrolments (163) compared to 2010. There were no funding groups that reported a decrease in unit enrolments between 2010 and 2013.

Table 26: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Nominal Hours Delivered (m), 2010 and 2013

	20	10	20	13	Change
VET Funding Group	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	1 831	13	1 831
Automotive	0	0	130	1	130
Building and Construction	0	0	1 522	11	1 522
Business and Clerical	345	100	1 650	12	1 305
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	5 555	39	5 555
General Education and Training	0	0	360	3	360
Primary Industry	0	0	780	6	780
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	1 404	10	1 404
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	664	5	664
Transport and Storage	0	0	240	2	240
Total	345	100	14 136	100	13 791

Source: Department of Business

In Yuendumu during 2013:

- there were 14 136 VET nominal hours delivered, an increase of 13 791 nominal hours delivered from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most nominal hours delivered were Community services, health and education (5555), Arts, entertainment, sports and recreation (1831), and Business and clerical (1650)
- Community services, health and education reported the largest increase in nominal hours delivered (5555) compared to 2010. There were no funding groups that reported a decrease in nominal hours of VET training delivered between 2010 and 2013.

Table 27: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Unit Completions (n), 2010 and 2013

	20	10	20	13	Change
VET Funding Group	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	10	3	10
Automotive	0	0	4	1	4
Building and Construction	0	0	66	18	66
Business and Clerical	12	100	16	4	4
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	135	36	135
Primary Industry	0	0	18	5	18
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	99	27	99
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	20	5	20
Transport and Storage	0	0	5	1	5
Total	12	100	373	100	361

Source: Department of Business

In Yuendumu during 2013:

- there were 373 VET unit completions, an increase of 361 unit completions from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit completions were Community services, health and education (135), Sales and personal service (99), and Building and construction (66)
- Community services, health and education reported the largest increase in unit completions (135) compared to 2010. There were no funding groups that reported a decrease in unit completions between 2010 and 2013.

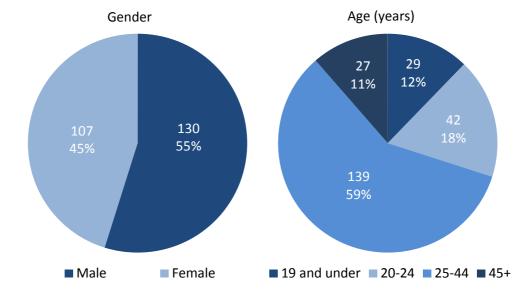
Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP)

	Yuen	dumu
Indicator	Indig	enous
	No.	%
Age (years)		
19 and under	29	12.2
20-24	42	17.7
25-44	139	58.6
45+	27	11.4
Total	237	100.0
Gender		
Male	130	54.9
Female	107	45.1
Total	237	100.0
Employment Outcome		
7 Weeks	<20	n.a.
13 Weeks	<20	n.a.
26 Weeks	<20	n.a.
Currently in Activities	57	24.1

Table 28: Remote Jobs and Communities Program Indigenous Job Seekers, 30 June 2014 (o)(p)(q)(r)

Source: Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

Chart 11: Remote Jobs and Communities Program Indigenous Job Seekers by Gender and Age Group, 30 June 2014 (o)(p)(q)(r)



Source: Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

As at 30 June 2014 in Yuendumu:

- there were 237 RJCP Indigenous job seekers, of these:
 - o 130 (54.9%) were male and 107 (45.1%) were female
 - 29 (12.2%) were aged 19 years and under, 42 (17.7%) were aged 20-24 years, 139 (58.6%) were aged 25-44 years, and 27 (11.4%) were aged 45+ years
 - o less than 20 had reached the respective 7, 13 and 26 week reporting milestones
 - o 57 (24.1%) were currently in activities.

Population Projections

Table 29: Indigenous population distribution and projected growth, Yuendumu and 15 Remote Service Delivery Towns (RSD) total, 2006-2026 (s)

			Yuend	lumu					15 RSD 1	Towns	
	20	06	20	26	2006-2026		200	06	20	26	2006-2026
Age (years)	No.	%	No.	%	Growth Rate (%)	Age (years)	No.	%	No.	%	Growth Rate (%)
0-4	80	11	97	10	21	0-4	2 418	13	2 949	11	22
5-14	147	21	184	19	25	5-14	4 421	23	5 440	20	23
15-64	448	64	612	65	37	15-64	11 892	62	17 245	64	45
65+	26	4	53	6	104	65+	459	2	1 290	5	181
Total	701	100	946	100	35	Total	19 190	100	26 924	100	40
		Grou	р					Grou	p		
Under 20 (0-19)	299	43	370	39	24	Under 20 (0-19)	8 877	46	10 887	40	23
Youth (15-24)	149	21	166	18	11	Youth (15-24)	3 975	21	4 855	18	22
Mature (50+)	83	12	167	18	101	Mature (50+)	1 837	10	4 346	16	137

Source: Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs, Population Projections, May 2010

- In 2006, there were an estimated 701 Indigenous persons in Yuendumu, 3.7% of the total Indigenous population in the 15 RSD towns.
- By 2026, the total Indigenous population in Yuendumu is projected to grow by an average of 1.5% each year to 946 persons and represent 3.5% of the total Indigenous population in the 15 RSD towns.

The RSD towns are Angurugu, Galiwin'ku, Gapwiyak, Gunbalanya, Lajamanu, Maningrida, Milingimbi, Ngukurr, Ntaria (Hermannsburg), Numbulwar, Umbakumba, Wadeye, Wurrumiyanga (Nguiu), Yirrkala, and Yuendumu.

Businesses

Table 30: Businesses in the community by sector (d)(t)
--

Business Name	Sector	Reported on in 2011?	Reported on in 2014?
Batchelor Institute of Indigenous Tertiary Education (BIITE)	Private	Yes	No
Central Desert Regional Council	Public	Yes	Yes
Central Land Council	Private	Yes	Yes
Department of Education	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of Health	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of Housing, Local Government and Regional Services (DHLGRS)	Public	Yes	No
Department of Human Services trading as Centrelink	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet	Public	Yes	Yes
Indervon Pty Ltd trading as Yuendumu Store	Private	No	Yes
Lennie, Anna Lesly Mary trading as World Vision	Private	No	Yes
Mampu Mininja-Kurlangu Jarlu Patu-Ku Aboriginal Corporation (Yuendumu Old Peoples Programme)	Private	Yes	Yes
Mellors Construction	Private	Yes	No
Ngurratjuta Pmara Ntjarra Aboriginal Corporation trading as Ngurratjuta Aboriginal Corporation	Private	No	Yes
Nguru Walalja Store	Private	Yes	No
NT Police, Fire and Emergency Services	Public	Yes	Yes
Pintubi Anmatjere Warlpiri Media and Communication (PAW)	Private	Yes	Yes
STEPS Disability Qld Inc	Private	No	Yes
Tanami Cleaning and Maintenance Pty Ltd	Private	No	Yes
Wallcon Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	Yes
Warlpiri Youth Development Aboriginal Corporation	Private	Yes	Yes
Warlukurlangu Artists Aboriginal Corp	Private	Yes	Yes
Western Desert Nganampa Walytja Palyantjaku Tjutaku Aboriginal Corporation trading as Western Desert Dialysis	Private	No	Yes
Willow Tree Training Pty Ltd	Private	No	Yes
Yuendumu Mining Company	Private	No	Yes
Yuendumu Social Club	Private	Yes	No
Yuendumu Womens Centre Aboriginal Corporation T/As Nguru Walalja	Private	Yes	Yes

Source: Department of Business

- there were 21 businesses reported on, of which:
 - o 6 businesses were from the public sector (29%)
 - 15 businesses were from the private sector (71%)
- 5 businesses were reported on in 2011 but not in 2014 as they were not identified as operating in the town in 2014. The businesses were: Batchelor Institute of Indigenous Tertiary Education (BIITE); Department of Housing, Local Government and Regional Services (DHLGRS); Mellors Construction; Nguru Walalja Store; and Yuendumu Social Club
- all businesses identified were reported on.

Notes

- (a) These counts represent numbers of filled jobs and not numbers of persons. As such the totals represent the total number of filled jobs, not the total number of employees. This count is not directly comparable to the total number of employed persons as a person may have several jobs or one job may be shared by more than one person.
- (b) Full-time is defined as a job usually requiring 35 hours or more per week or that required 35 hours or more work during the reference week. Part-time is defined as a job usually requiring less than 35 hours per week or that required less than 35 hours work during the reference week. The reference week refers to the period that respondents were asked to provide information about. In most instances it would be the week prior to the week the questionnaire was completed. Questionnaires were predominantly conducted in June and July 2014.
- (c) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the Indigenous status of persons in the jobs. The Indigenous status of the person employed in a job was reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (d) Sector was classified using the Standard Economic Sector of Classifications of Australia (SESCA), 2008.
- (e) Job permanency is classified according to what the business believes the level of job permanency is based on guidelines provided by data collectors. Those guidelines state a permanent job has paid annual and/or sick leave entitlements while a temporary job includes casual and fixed-term contract jobs.
- (f) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), 2006, major occupation level.
- (g) Other occupations include jobs where occupation was not stated, not known or inadequately described.
- (h) Classified using the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006, division level.
- (i) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the gender of persons in the jobs. The gender of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (j) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the age of persons in the jobs. The age of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (k) Students represent the number of individual clients that enrolled in a Vocational Education and Training unit during the calendar year.
- (I) Unit enrolments represent the count of individual units that students enrolled in during the calendar year.
- (m) Nominal hours delivered is the sum of the nominal hours of the units commenced during the calendar year regardless of when the course enrolment commenced.
- (n) Unit completions are the count of all successfully completed units reported in the calendar year regardless of the year of commencement of the units.
- (o) The Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) commenced on 1 July 2013, replacing Job Services Australia, Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), Indigenous Employment Program and Disability Employment Services in 60 remote regions across Australia.
- (p) An RJCP job seeker is a person living in an RJCP Region who has been referred to Employment Services by Centrelink (Department of Human Services), or who has directly registered with an RJCP Provider as a community volunteer.
- (q) Employment outcomes are those claimed by RJCP Providers for assisting RJCP job seekers to achieve employment lasting 7, 13 or 26 weeks.
- (r) Examples of job seeker activities include: cultural activities, mentoring, voluntary work, unpaid work experience placement, self-employment, education and training, employment or training programs, part time or casual paid employment and other programs or activities.
- (s) Estimated Indigenous population distribution and projected population growth for Remote Service Delivery (RSD) towns between 2006 and 2026 were provided by the then Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs. These estimated Indigenous population data cover the community and associated outstations. Caution should be exercised when using these figures as they reflect the Indigenous population only and not the total population, covering the service population and not the population based on usual place of residence for the corresponding town.
- (t) A 'business' has been defined as any organisation that has undertaken productive activities in the last year, including companies, non-profit organisations, government departments and enterprises operating within the designated remote geography (town), and has one or more employees in paid employment and an Australian Business Number (ABN).

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ANZSCO	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations
ANZSIC	Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
d.n.p	Did not participate
ICT	Information and communications technology
MRT	Major Remote Town
n.a.	Not available
No.	Number
Perm	Permanent
ppt	Percentage point
RJCP	Remote Jobs and Communities Program
RSD	Remote Service Delivery
Temp	Temporary
VET	Vocational Education and Training

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