

REMOTE TOWNS JOBS PROFILE

2017

YUENDUMU

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, BUSINESS AND INNOVATION



NORTHERN
TERRITORY
GOVERNMENT

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Preferred Reference: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation, 2017 Remote Towns Jobs Profiles, Northern Territory Government, June 2018, Darwin.

Disclaimer

The data in this publication were predominantly collected by conducting a face-to-face survey of businesses within town boundaries during mid-2017. The collection methodology was created in accordance with Australian Bureau of Statistics data quality framework principles. Data in this publication are only reflective of those businesses reported on as operating in the town at the time of data collection (see table at the end of publication for list of businesses reported on).

To comply with privacy legislation or where appropriate, some data in this publication may have been adjusted and will not reflect the actual data reported by businesses. As a result of this, combined with certain data not being reported by some businesses, some components may not add to totals. Changes over time may also reflect business' change in propensity to report on certain data items rather than actual changes over time. Total figures have generally not been adjusted.

Caution is advised when interpreting the comparisons made to the earlier 2011 and 2014 publications as the businesses identified and reported on and the corresponding jobs may differ between publications.

Notes for each table and chart are alphabetically ordered and listed at the end of the publication.

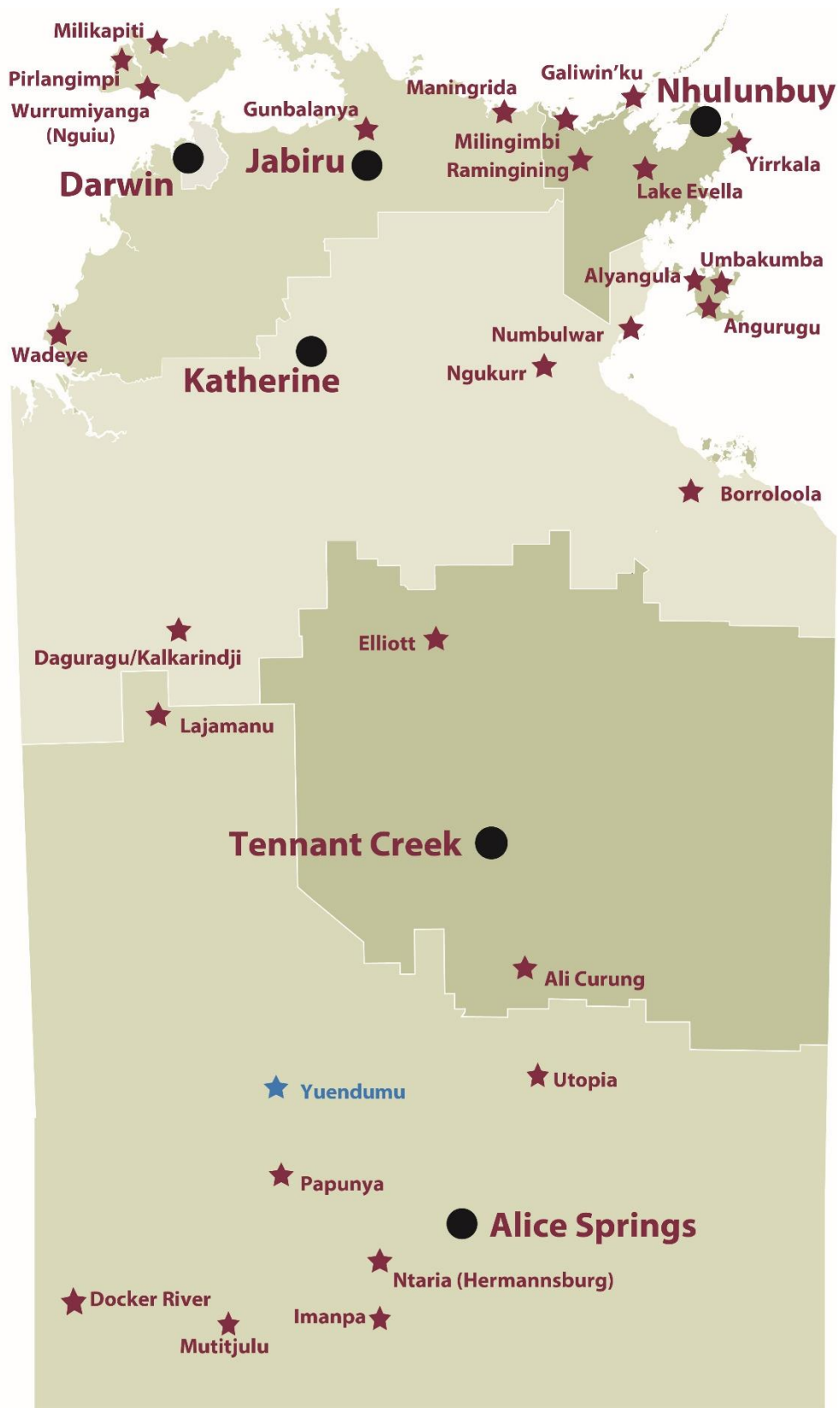
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Contents

Yuendumu	4
Introduction	5
Summary	6
Jobs Overview	7
Jobs by Aboriginal Status	8
Jobs by Sector: Private and Public	10
Job Status: Permanent and Temporary	16
Job Vacancies	19
Jobs by Industry	21
Jobs by Occupation	27
Jobs by Industry by Occupation	30
Jobs by Gender	32
Jobs by Age	37
Vocational Education and Training	42
Population	46
Community Development Programme	48
Businesses	49
Notes	50
Abbreviations and Acronyms	51

Yuendumu

Yuendumu is located 290 kilometres north-west of Alice Springs on the Tanami Highway, with a population of 875 residents.



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Introduction

This jobs profile provides a snapshot of jobs and the characteristics of job holders in Yuendumu as at July 2017. It also outlines trends from the 2014 and 2011 surveys.

This job profile is one of 28 profiles developed for remote towns in the Northern Territory. It is anticipated these and subsequent profiles will contribute to a robust evidence base to inform decision making in and relating to these remote Territory towns.

This profile contains information collected by the Northern Territory Department of Trade, Business and Innovation from businesses operating within the town and is supplemented by other administrative data sets and information.

Each profile provides up-to-date information that is intended to inform the planning and design of current and future government programs and as an evidence base to inform decision making relating to workforce development, enterprise and job opportunities.

The data collection methodology and corresponding questionnaire were created in partnership with the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) and in accordance with ABS data quality framework and survey principles.

The surveys were predominantly conducted by the Department's Small Business Champions and Workforce Training Coordinators, on a face-to-face basis with business representatives.

The information collected and reported on represents a significant goodwill investment by those businesses and organisations that participated. Each business is listed at the end of this publication.

Summary

The 2017 jobs profile was developed based on responses from 19 businesses operating within the Yuendumu town boundary, 3 less than in the 2014 survey. Of these, there were:

- 12 businesses from the private sector, accounting for 122 filled jobs or 60% of total filled jobs
- 7 businesses from the public sector, accounting for 82 filled jobs or 40% of total filled jobs
- 14 businesses participated in all three surveys (completed in 2011, 2014 and 2017).

A total of 248 filled and vacant jobs in Yuendumu were reported, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014.¹

The 2017 profile highlights:

- there were 204 filled jobs of which:
 - 112 jobs (55%) were filled by Aboriginal persons, a decrease of 28 jobs from 2014
 - 92 jobs (45%) were filled by non-Aboriginal persons, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014
 - 35% of employed Aboriginal people are working in the private sector
 - Aboriginal persons accounted for 55% of job holders in the town compared to 61% in 2014
 - Aboriginal females made up 40% of total Aboriginal filled jobs in the town compared to 47% in 2014
- there were 44 vacant jobs, of which:
 - job vacancies as a percentage of jobs increased to 18% in 2017 from 10% in 2014
 - job vacancies equate to 1 in 6 jobs
 - 19 of the vacancies were in Community and Personal Service Workers areas
- Education and Training was the largest industry employer in 2017
- Arts and Recreation Services had the highest increase in filled jobs between 2017 and 2014 of 27
- Health Care and Social Assistance and Public Administration and Safety had the highest decrease in filled jobs between 2017 and 2014 of 32 and 31 respectively
- training had an overall increase in student numbers across the three survey periods
- Community Services, Health and Education had the highest student numbers in 2016 of 73
- Engineering and Mining had the highest increase in student numbers between 2016 and 2013 of 65
- Primary Industry had the highest decrease in student numbers between 2016 and 2013 of 13.

The overall population in Yuendumu increased by 86 persons (11%) between 2006 and 2016 to 875 persons.

In comparison, the overall Northern Territory population increased by 16.5% between 2006 and 2016.

In 2016, the working age population (15 years and over) in Yuendumu was an estimated 628 persons compared to 574 in 2006 an increase of 9%.

There were 0.4 jobs in Yuendumu per working age person compared to 0.4 jobs per working age person across the 28 remote towns in the Northern Territory.

¹ The number of filled jobs does not represent numbers of persons as a person may have several jobs or one job may be shared by more than one person.

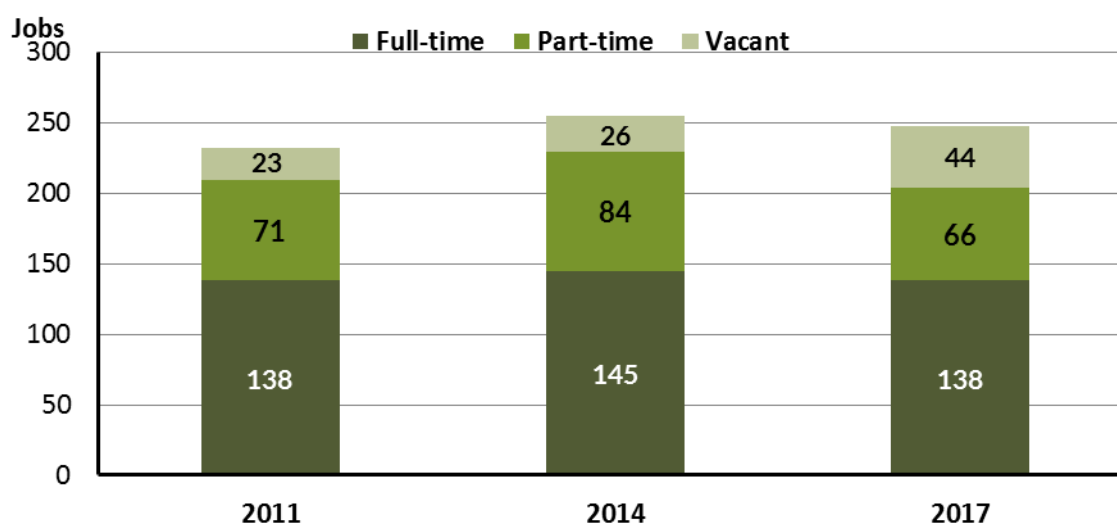
Jobs Overview

Table 1: Count of filled jobs and vacancies, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)

	2011	2014	2017	Change 2011-2014	Change 2014-2017
Total All Jobs	232	255	248	23	-7
Vacancies	23	26	44	3	18
Vacancies as % of Total All Jobs	9.9%	10.2%	17.7%	0.3 ppt	7.5 ppt
Filled Jobs	209	229	204	20	-25
Full-time	138	145	138	7	-7
Part-time	71	84	66	13	-18

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 1: Count of vacant jobs and filled jobs by full-time/part-time status, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were a total of 204 **filled jobs**, a decrease of 25 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
- of the 204 **filled jobs** in 2017:
 - 138 were **full-time** jobs, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
 - 66 were **part-time** jobs, a decrease of 18 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
- there were 44 total **job vacancies** in 2017, an increase of 18 vacancies from 2014 and an increase of 21 vacancies from 2011.

Jobs by Aboriginal Status

Chart 2: Count of filled jobs by Aboriginal status, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

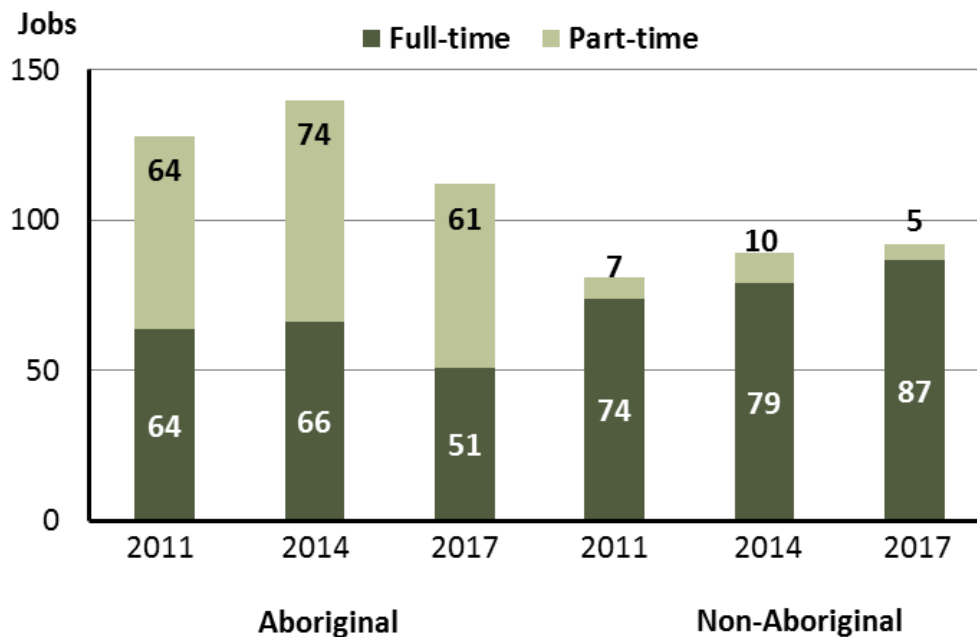
- of the 204 filled jobs:
 - 112 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 28 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 16 jobs from 2011
 - 92 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 11 jobs from 2011
- **Aboriginal** persons accounted for 55% of job holders compared to 61% in 2014 and 61% in 2011.

Table 2: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)(c)

Indicator	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	64	74	138	66	79	145	51	87	138	2	5	7	-15	8	-7
Part-time	64	7	71	74	10	84	61	5	66	10	3	13	-13	-5	-18
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 3: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)(c)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 204 filled jobs:
 - 51 were full-time jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011
 - 61 were part-time jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - 87 were full-time jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 13 jobs from 2011
 - 5 were part-time jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011.

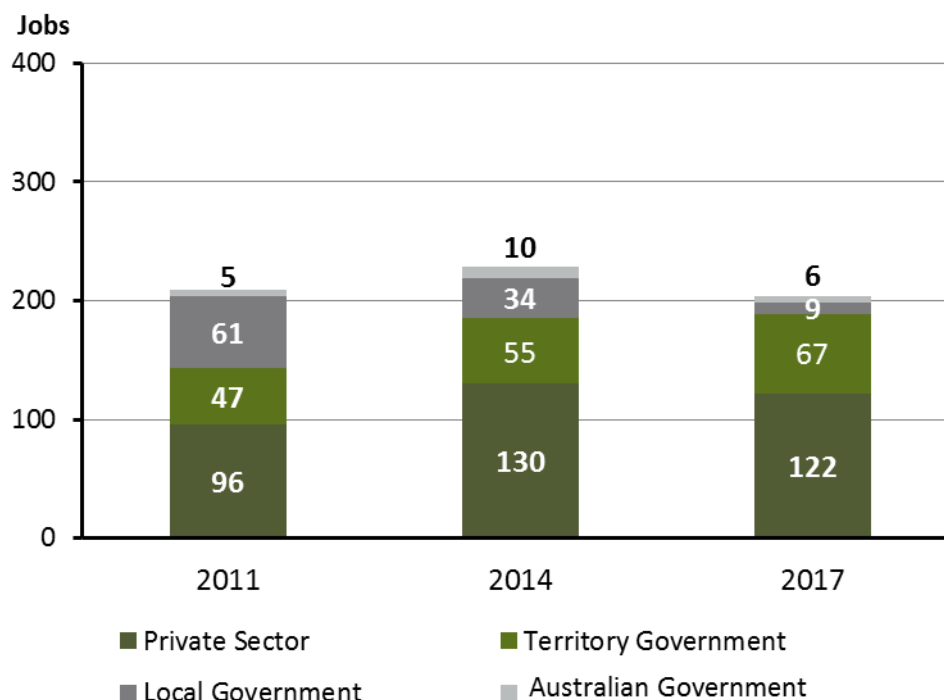
Jobs by Sector: Private and Public

Table 3: Count of filled jobs by sector of business and by Aboriginal status of person employed in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)(c)

Indicator	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Public Sector	73	40	113	65	34	99	41	41	82	-8	-6	-14	-24	7	-17
Australian Government	3	2	5	8	2	10	4	2	6	5	0	5	-4	0	-4
Territory Government	19	28	47	28	27	55	30	37	67	9	-1	8	2	10	12
Local Government	51	10	61	29	5	34	7	2	9	-22	-5	-27	-22	-3	-25
Private Sector	55	41	96	75	55	130	71	51	122	20	14	34	-4	-4	-8
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

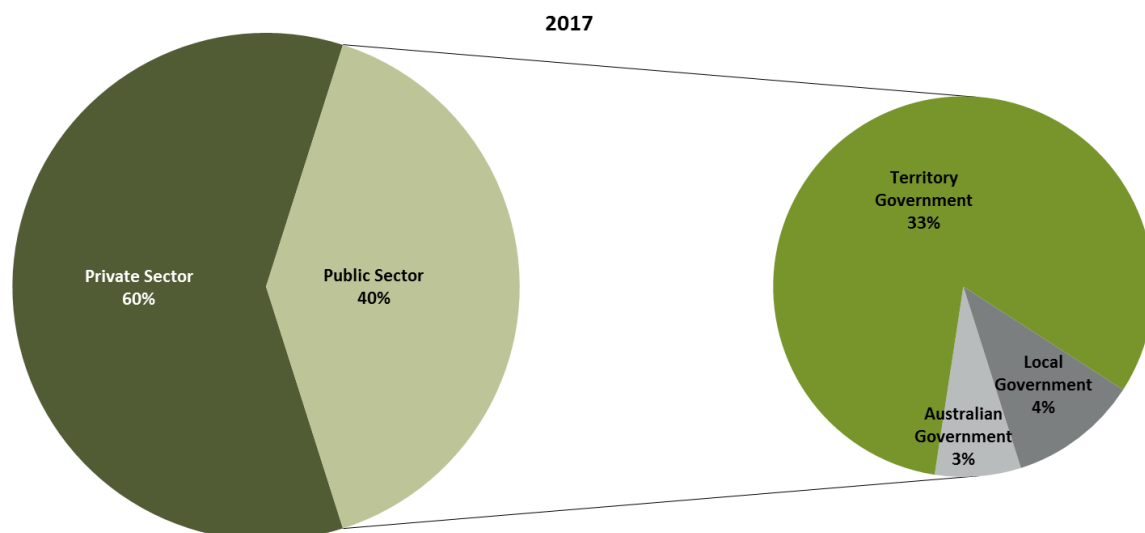
Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 4: Count of filled jobs by sector of business, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(d)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 5: Percentage of filled jobs by sector of business in 2017 (a)(d)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 82 jobs in the **public sector**, a decrease of 17 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 31 jobs from 2011
- of the 82 jobs in the **public sector**:
 - 6 jobs were in the Australian Government, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - 67 jobs were in the Territory Government, an increase of 12 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 20 jobs from 2011
 - 9 jobs were in the Local Government, a decrease of 25 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 52 jobs from 2011
- there were 122 jobs in the **private sector**, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 26 jobs from 2011.

Chart 6: Count of filled jobs by sector and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(d)

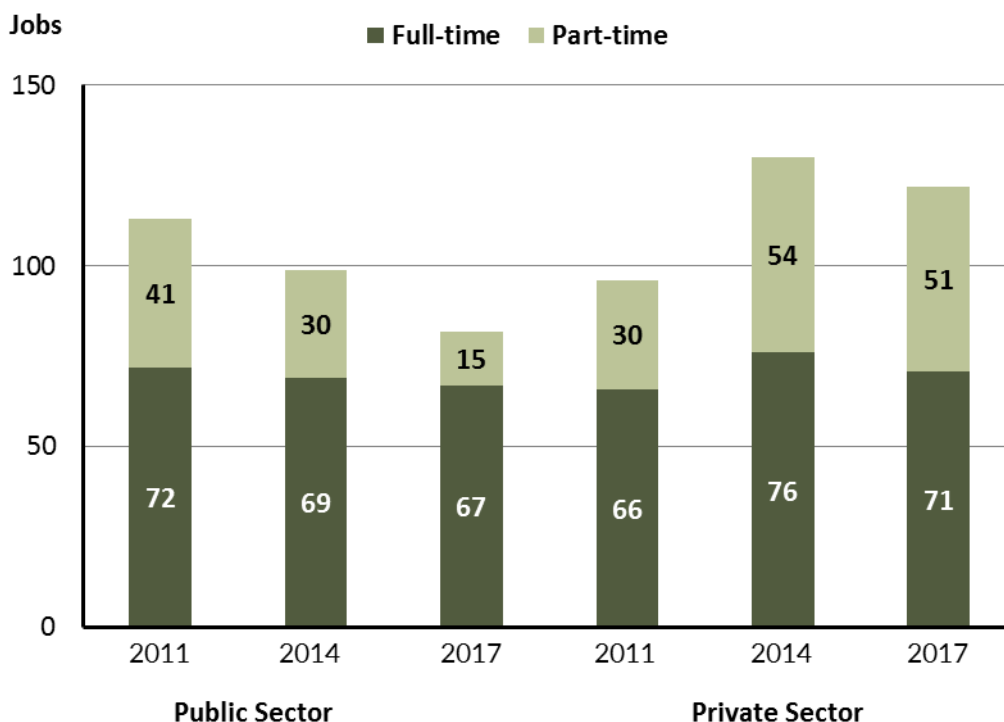


Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 82 jobs in the **public sector**:
 - 41 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 30 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 32 jobs from 2011
 - 41 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
- of the 122 jobs in the **private sector**:
 - 71 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 16 jobs from 2011
 - 51 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011.

Chart 7: Count of filled jobs by sector and full-time/part-time status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(b)(d)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu there were:

- of the 82 jobs in the **public sector**:
 - 67 were **full-time** jobs, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - 15 were **part-time** jobs, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 26 jobs from 2011
- of the 122 jobs in the **private sector**:
 - 71 were **full-time** jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
 - 51 were **part-time** jobs, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 21 jobs from 2011.

Table 4: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Aboriginal status of person in job by sector, 2011, 2014, and 2017 (a)(b)(c)(d)

Indicator	2011								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total
Public Sector	35	38	73	37	3	40	72	41	113
Private Sector	29	26	55	37	4	41	66	30	96
Total	64	64	128	74	7	81	138	71	209

Indicator	2014								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total
Public Sector	42	29	71	34	1	35	76	30	106
Private Sector	24	45	69	45	9	54	69	54	123
Total	66	74	140	79	10	89	145	84	229

Indicator	2017								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total
Public Sector	27	14	41	40	1	41	67	15	82
Private Sector	24	47	71	47	4	51	71	51	122
Total	66	74	112	87	5	92	138	66	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu there were:

- 41 jobs in the **public sector** filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 30 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 32 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 27 were **full-time** jobs, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011
 - 14 were **part-time** jobs, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 24 jobs from 2011
- 71 jobs in the **private sector** filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 16 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 24 were **full-time** jobs, unchanged from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - 47 were **part-time** jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 21 jobs from 2011
- 41 jobs in the **public sector** filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011, of which:
 - 40 were **full-time** jobs, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - 1 was a **part-time** job, unchanged from 2014 and a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011

- 51 jobs in the **private sector** filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 47 were **full-time** jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - 4 were **part-time** jobs, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2014 and unchanged from 2011.

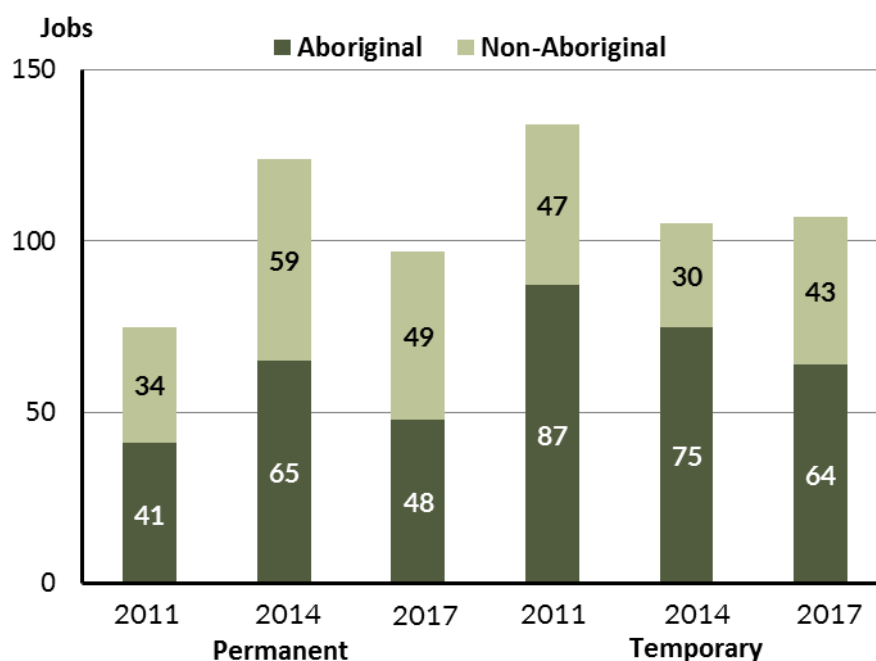
Job Status: Permanent and Temporary

Table 5: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014, and 2017 (a)(c)(e)

Indicator	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Permanent	41	34	75	65	59	124	48	49	97	24	25	49	-17	-10	-27
Temporary	87	47	134	75	30	105	64	43	107	-12	-17	-29	-11	13	2
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 8: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(e)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 97 **permanent jobs**, a decrease of 27 jobs from 2014, and an increase of 22 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 48 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 17 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - 49 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 15 jobs from 2011

- there were 107 **temporary jobs**, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 27 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 64 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 11 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 23 jobs from 2011
 - 43 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 13 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011.

Table 6: Count of filled jobs by sector, Aboriginal status and employment status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(d)(e)

Indicator	2011								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	18	55	73	16	24	40	34	79	113
Private Sector	23	32	55	18	23	41	41	55	96
Total	41	87	128	34	47	81	75	134	209

Indicator	2014								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	32	33	65	29	5	34	61	38	99
Private Sector	33	42	75	30	25	55	63	67	130
Total	65	75	140	59	30	89	124	105	229

Indicator	2017								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	24	17	41	19	22	41	43	39	82
Private Sector	24	47	71	30	21	51	54	68	122
Total	48	64	112	49	43	92	97	107	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu there were:

- 82 jobs in the **public sector**, a decrease of 17 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 31 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 43 jobs were **permanent**, a decrease of 18 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 9 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ♦ 24 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 19 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011

- 39 jobs were **temporary**, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 40 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 17 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 16 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 38 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 22 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 17 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011
- 122 jobs in the **private sector**, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 26 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 54 jobs were **permanent**, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 13 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 24 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - ◆ 30 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, unchanged from 2014 and an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - 68 jobs were **temporary**, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 13 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 47 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 15 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 21 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011.

Job Vacancies

Table 7: Job vacancies, 2011, 2014, and 2017

Indicator	2011	2014	2017	Change 2011-2014	Change 2014-2017
Job vacancies	23	26	44	3	18

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 8: Job vacancies by occupation, 2011, 2014, and 2017 (f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011	2014	2017	Change 2011-2014	Change 2014-2017
Clerical and Administrative Workers	1	3	3	2	0
Community and Personal Service Workers	6	17	19	11	2
Labourers	9	1	2	-8	1
Managers	0	1	5	1	4
Professionals	3	4	7	1	3
Sales Workers	1	0	4	-1	4
Technicians and Trades Workers	3	0	4	-3	4
Total	23	26	44	3	18

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 9: Job vacancies by job title, July 2017 (f)

Job Vacancy	No.
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Worker	7
Building Associate	2
Checkout Operator	4
Child Care Centre Manager	1
Child Care Worker	1
Community Worker	9
General Clerk	1
Handyperson	2
Motor Mechanic (General)	2
Personal Assistant	1
Police Officer	1
Primary School Teacher	4
Program or Project Administrator	1
Registered Nurses nec	2
Retail Manager (General)	4
Social Worker	1
Teachers' Aide	1
Total	44

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 44 **vacancies** reported, an increase of 18 vacancies from 2014 and an increase of 21 vacancies from 2011
- of the 44 reported **vacancies**, the largest requirements were for:
 - 19 Community and Personal Service Workers, the majority of which are in the following jobs:
 - ◆ Community Worker
 - ◆ Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Worker
 - 7 Professionals, the majority of which are in the following jobs:
 - ◆ Primary School Teacher
 - ◆ Registered Nurses nec
 - 5 Managers, the majority of which is in the following job:
 - ◆ Retail Manager (General).

Jobs by Industry

Table 10: Count of filled jobs by industry of business, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC Division)	2011		2014		2017		Change 2011-2014	Change 2014-2017
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	6	2.9%	13	5.7%	40	19.6%	7	27
Construction	10	4.8%	1	0.4%	21	10.3%	-9	20
Education and Training	41	19.6%	37	16.2%	43	21.1%	-4	6
Health Care and Social Assistance	43	20.6%	88	38.4%	56	27.5%	45	-32
Other Services	0	0.0%	14	6.1%	0	0.0%	14	-14
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	22	10.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	-22	0
Public Administration and Safety	70	33.5%	57	24.9%	26	12.7%	-13	-31
Retail Trade	15	7.2%	19	8.3%	18	8.8%	4	-1
Total	209	100.0%	229	100.0%	204	100.0%	20	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

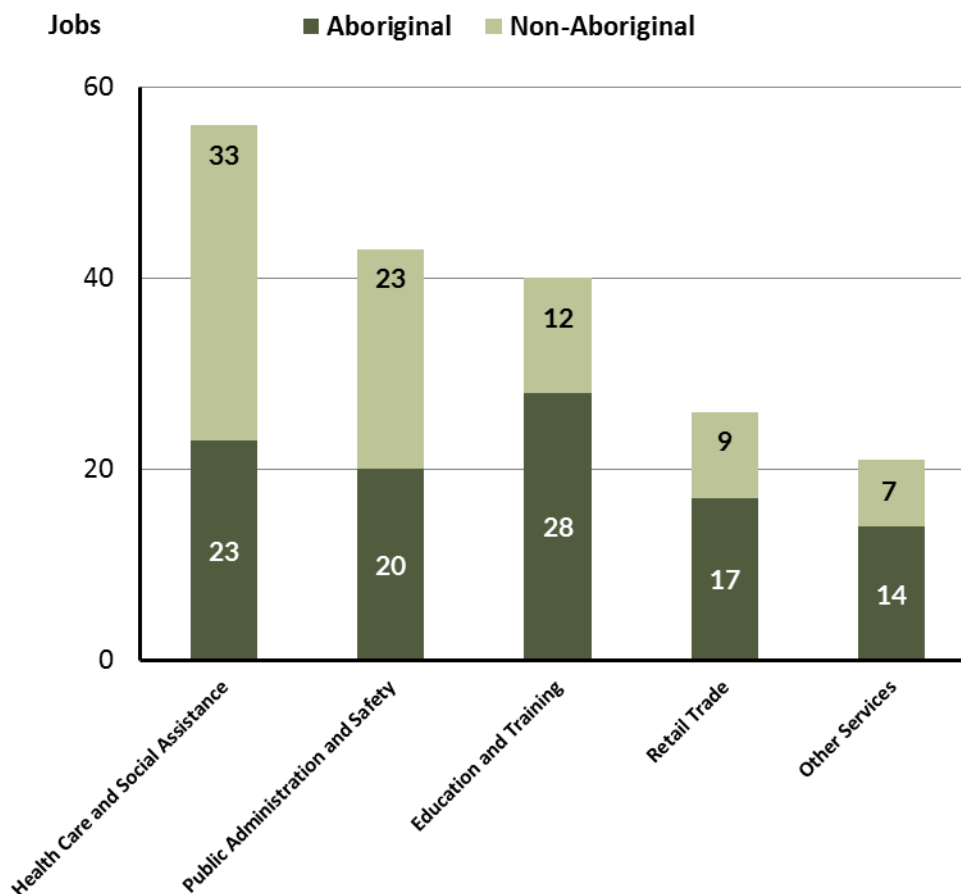
- the Health Care and Social Assistance industry was the **largest industry employer**, with 56 filled jobs or 27.5% of filled jobs, a decrease of 32 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 13 jobs from 2011
- **other significant** industry employers were:
 - Education and Training with 43 jobs (or 21.1% of filled jobs), an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - Arts and Recreation Services with 40 jobs (or 19.6% of filled jobs), an increase of 27 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 34 jobs from 2011
 - Public Administration and Safety with 26 jobs (or 12.7% of filled jobs), a decrease of 31 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 44 jobs from 2011.

Table 11: Count of filled jobs by industry of business and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014, and 2017 (a)(c)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	1	5	6	7	6	13	28	12	40	6	1	7	21	6	27
Construction	7	3	10	0	1	1	14	7	21	-7	-2	-9	14	6	20
Education and Training	19	22	41	19	18	37	20	23	43	0	-4	-4	1	5	6
Health Care and Social Assistance	16	27	43	49	39	88	23	33	56	33	12	45	-26	-6	-32
Other Services	0	0	0	10	4	14	0	0	0	10	4	14	-10	-4	-14
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	18	4	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	-18	-4	-22	0	0	0
Public Administration and Safety	57	13	70	47	10	57	17	9	26	-10	-3	-13	-30	-1	-31
Retail Trade	8	7	15	8	11	19	10	8	18	0	4	4	2	-3	-1
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 9: Count of filled jobs by top 5 industries of business and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2017 (a)(c)(h)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 112 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, there were:
 - 23 jobs in Health Care and Social Assistance, a decrease of 26 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - 20 jobs in Education and Training, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - 28 jobs in Arts and Recreation Services, an increase of 21 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 27 jobs from 2011
- of the 92 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, there were:
 - 33 jobs in Health Care and Social Assistance, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
 - 23 jobs in Education and Training, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - 12 jobs in Arts and Recreation Services, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 7 jobs from 2011.

Table 12: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011 (a)(c)(e)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2011								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	0	1	1	1	4	5	1	5	6
Construction	3	4	7	3	0	3	6	4	10
Education and Training	6	13	19	8	14	22	14	27	41
Health Care and Social Assistance	9	7	16	7	20	27	16	27	43
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	8	10	18	4	0	4	12	10	22
Public Administration and Safety	14	43	57	6	7	13	20	50	70
Retail Trade	1	7	8	5	2	7	6	9	15
Total	41	87	128	34	47	81	75	134	209

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 13: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2014 (a)(c)(e)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2014								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	1	6	7	3	3	6	4	9	13
Construction	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Education and Training	7	12	19	12	6	18	19	18	37
Health Care and Social Assistance	41	8	49	32	7	39	73	15	88
Other Services	0	10	10	0	4	4	0	14	14
Public Administration and Safety	13	34	47	7	3	10	20	37	57
Retail Trade	3	5	8	5	6	11	8	11	19
Total	65	75	140	59	30	89	124	105	229

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 14: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2017 (a)(c)(e)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2017								
	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Arts and Recreation Services	2	26	28	4	8	12	6	34	40
Construction	0	14	14	1	6	7	1	20	21
Education and Training	17	3	20	10	13	23	27	16	43
Health Care and Social Assistance	21	2	23	25	8	33	46	10	56
Public Administration and Safety	5	12	17	7	2	9	12	14	26
Retail Trade	3	7	10	2	6	8	5	13	18
Total	48	64	112	49	43	92	97	107	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 97 **permanent jobs**, there were:
 - 46 jobs in Health Care and Social Assistance, a decrease of 27 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 30 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 21 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 20 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 25 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 18 jobs from 2011
 - 27 jobs in Education and Training, an increase of 8 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 13 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 17 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 10 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 11 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 10 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - 12 jobs in Public Administration and Safety, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 5 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 7 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, unchanged from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
- of the 107 **temporary jobs**, there were:
 - 34 jobs in Arts and Recreation Services, an increase of 25 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 29 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 26 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 20 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 25 jobs from 2011

- ♦ 8 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
- 20 jobs in Construction, an increase of 19 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 16 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ♦ 14 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 14 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 6 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
- 16 jobs in Education and Training, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 11 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ♦ 3 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 13 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 7 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011.

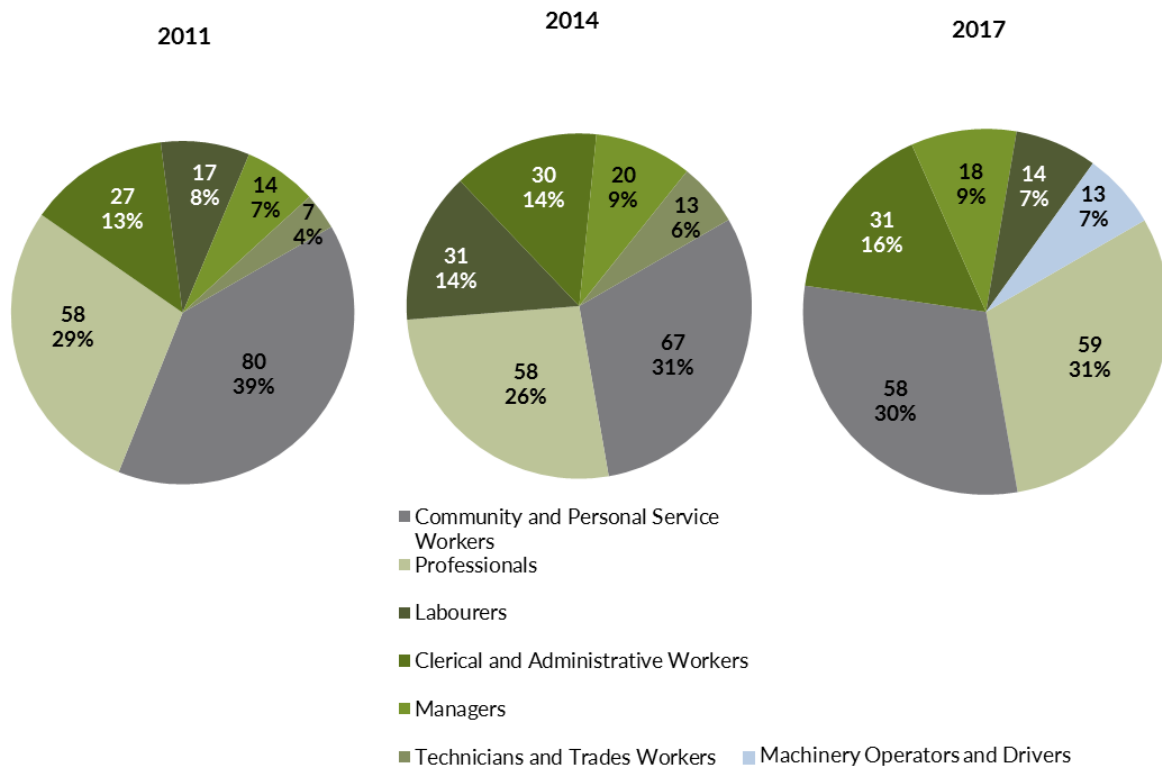
Jobs by Occupation

Table 15: Count of filled jobs by occupation, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011		2014		2017		Change 2011-2014	Change 2014-2017
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	27	12.9%	30	13.1%	31	15.2%	3	1
Community and Personal Service Workers	80	38.3%	67	29.3%	58	28.4%	-13	-9
Labourers	17	8.1%	31	13.5%	14	6.9%	14	-17
Machinery Operators and Drivers	2	1.0%	1	0.4%	13	6.4%	-1	12
Managers	14	6.7%	20	8.7%	18	8.8%	6	-2
Professionals	58	27.8%	58	25.3%	59	28.9%	0	1
Sales Workers	3	1.4%	9	3.9%	6	2.9%	6	-3
Technicians and Trades Workers	7	3.3%	13	5.7%	5	2.5%	6	-8
Other occupations	1	0.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	-1	0
Total	209	100.0%	229	100.0%	204	100.0%	20	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 10: Percentage and count of top 6 filled jobs by occupation, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(f)(g)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- Professionals was the **largest occupation classification** in terms of filled jobs, accounting for 59 jobs (28.9% of total filled jobs), an increase of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
- **other significant** occupation classifications were:
 - Community and Personal Service Workers accounting for 58 jobs or 28.4% of total jobs a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 22 jobs from 2011
 - Clerical and Administrative Workers accounting for 31 jobs or 15.2% of total jobs an increase of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - Managers accounting for 18 jobs or 8.8% of total jobs a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011.

Table 16 Count of filled jobs by ANZSCO occupation by Aboriginal status of person employed in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	17	10	27	18	12	30	12	19	31	1	2	3	-6	7	1
Community and Personal Service Workers	58	22	80	55	12	67	41	17	58	-3	-10	-13	-14	5	-9
Labourers	11	6	17	20	11	31	8	6	14	9	5	14	-12	-5	-17
Machinery Operators and Drivers	1	1	2	1	0	1	10	3	13	0	-1	-1	9	3	12
Managers	1	13	14	4	16	20	2	16	18	3	3	6	-2	0	-2
Professionals	35	23	58	28	30	58	30	29	59	-7	7	0	2	-1	1
Sales Workers	1	2	3	4	5	9	5	1	6	3	3	6	1	-4	-3
Technicians and Trades Workers	4	3	7	10	3	13	4	1	5	6	0	6	-6	-2	-8
Other occupations	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	0	0
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 112 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, there were:
 - 41 Community and Personal Service Workers, a decrease of 14 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 17 jobs from 2011

- 30 Professionals, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
- 12 Clerical and Administrative Workers, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
- of the 92 **jobs filled** by **non-Aboriginal** persons, there were:
 - 29 Professionals, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
 - 19 Clerical and Administrative Workers, an increase of 7 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
 - 17 Community and Personal Service Workers, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011.

Jobs by Industry by Occupation

Table 17: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2011 (a)(f)(g)(h)

2011										
Industry (ANZSIC Division)	Occupation (ANZSCO major group)									Total
	Clerical and Administrative Workers	Community and Personal Service Workers	Labourers	Machinery Operators and Drivers	Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trades Workers	Other Occupations	
Arts and Recreation Services	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	6
Construction	1	2	3	0	2	1	0	1	0	10
Education and Training	3	9	7	0	2	19	0	1	0	41
Health Care and Social Assistance	9	16	1	0	3	9	0	4	1	43
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	0	0	0	0	1	21	0	0	0	22
Public Administration and Safety	11	47	2	0	1	7	1	1	0	70
Retail Trade	2	5	2	2	3	0	1	0	0	15
Total	27	80	17	2	14	58	3	7	1	209

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 18: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2014 (a)(f)(g)(h)

2014										
Industry (ANZSIC Division)	Occupation (ANZSCO major group)									Total
	Clerical and Administrative Workers	Community and Personal Service Workers	Labourers	Machinery Operators and Drivers	Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trades Workers	Other Occupations	
Arts and Recreation Services	0	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	0	13
Construction	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Education and Training	4	10	3	0	1	18	0	1	0	37
Health Care and Social Assistance	12	28	18	0	6	15	0	9	0	88
Other Services	0	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0	14
Public Administration and Safety	13	29	7	0	4	1	0	3	0	57
Retail Trade	1	0	3	1	5	0	9	0	0	19
Total	30	67	31	1	20	58	9	13	0	229

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 19: Count of filled jobs by occupation and by industry, 2017 (a)(f)(g)(h)

2017										
Industry (ANZSIC Division)	Occupation (ANZSCO major group)									Total
	Clerical and Administrative Workers	Community and Personal Service Workers	Labourers	Machinery Operators and Drivers	Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trades Workers	Other Occupations	
Arts and Recreation Services	3	0	7	0	2	28	0	0	0	40
Construction	1	0	4	4	5	0	4	3	0	21
Education and Training	8	13	0	0	3	19	0	0	0	43
Health Care and Social Assistance	11	28	0	0	4	11	0	2	0	56
Public Administration and Safety	8	17	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	26
Retail Trade	0	0	3	9	4	0	2	0	0	18
Total	31	58	14	13	18	59	6	5	0	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- the majority of Professionals jobs (59) (the largest occupation group) were shared across the Arts and Recreation (28) and Education and Training (19) industries
- the majority of Community and Personal Service Workers (58) jobs (the second largest occupation group) were shared across Health Care and Social Assistance (28), Public Administration and Safety (17) and Education and Training (13) industries
- Arts and Recreation Services, a major industry group, showed an increase in filled jobs for each survey period with an increase of 27 filled jobs between 2017 and 2014 and an increase of 34 filled jobs between 2017 and 2011
- the Construction industry group showed an increase in filled jobs of 20 between 2017 and 2014
- the Health Care and Social Assistance and Public Administration and Safety industry groups, both showed decreases in filled jobs of 32 and 31, respectively, between 2017 and 2014.

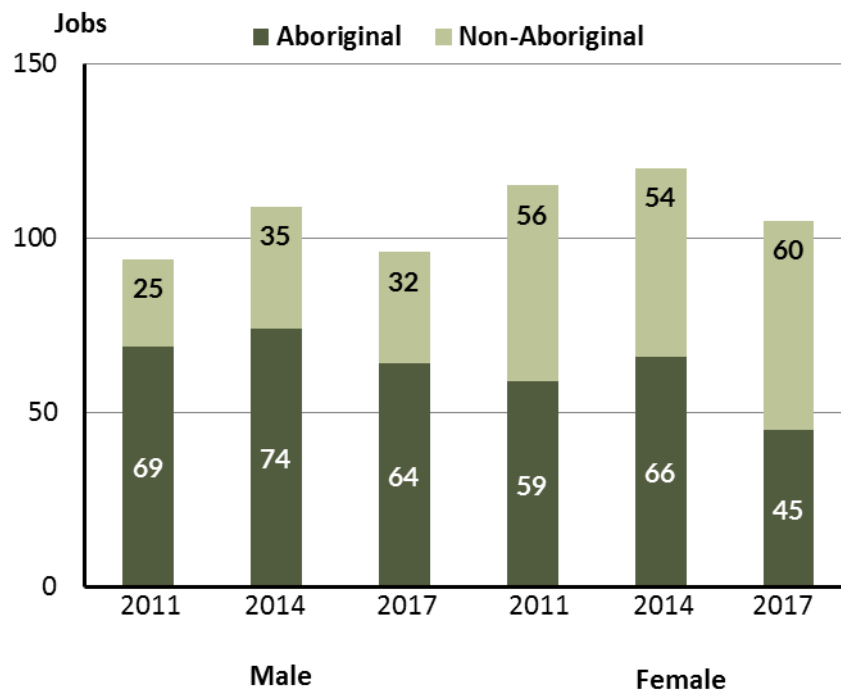
Jobs by Gender

Table 20: Counts of filled jobs by gender² and Aboriginal status of person employed in job 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(i)

Indicator	2011			2014			2017			2011-2014 Change			2014-2017 Change		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Male	69	25	94	74	35	109	64	32	96	5	10	15	-10	-3	-13
Female	59	56	115	66	54	120	45	60	105	7	-2	5	-21	6	-15
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	109	92	201	12	8	20	-31	3	-28

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 11: Count of filled jobs by gender and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(i)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 96 jobs filled by males, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 2 jobs from 2011

² 3 Aboriginal filled jobs gender status not identified in 2017

- of the 96 jobs filled by males:
 - 64 were **Aboriginal**, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - 32 were **non-Aboriginal**, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
- there were 105 jobs filled by females, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
- of the 105 jobs filled by females:
 - 45 were **Aboriginal**, a decrease of 21 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 14 jobs from 2011
 - 60 were **non-Aboriginal**, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011.

Table 21: Counts of filled jobs by gender, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector 2011 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

Indicator	2011								
	Male			Female			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	42	23	65	22	51	73	64	74	138
Part-time	27	2	29	37	5	42	64	7	71
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209
Permanent	25	11	36	16	23	39	41	34	75
Temporary	44	14	58	43	33	76	87	47	134
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209
Public Sector	31	11	42	42	29	71	73	40	113
Private Sector	38	14	52	17	27	44	55	41	96
Total	69	25	94	59	56	115	128	81	209

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 22: Counts of filled jobs by gender, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

2014									
Indicator	Male			Female			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	40	33	73	26	46	72	66	79	145
Part-time	34	2	36	40	8	48	74	10	84
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229
Permanent	40	18	58	25	41	66	65	59	124
Temporary	34	17	51	41	13	54	75	30	105
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229
Public Sector	31	9	40	34	25	59	65	34	99
Private Sector	43	26	69	32	29	61	75	55	130
Total	74	35	109	66	54	120	140	89	229

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 23: Counts of filled jobs by gender³, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector 2017 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

2017									
Indicator	Male			Female			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	26	31	57	22	56	78	51	87	138
Part-time	38	1	39	23	4	27	61	5	66
Total	64	32	96	45	60	105	112	92	204
Permanent	17	15	32	28	34	62	48	49	97
Temporary	47	17	64	17	26	43	64	43	107
Total	64	32	96	45	60	105	112	92	204
Public Sector	9	12	21	29	29	58	41	41	82
Private Sector	55	20	75	16	31	47	71	51	122
Total	64	32	96	45	60	105	112	92	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

³ 3 Aboriginal filled jobs gender status not identified in 2017

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 96 **jobs filled by males**, there were:
 - 64 jobs filled by **Aboriginal males**, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ♦ 26 full-time jobs, a decrease of 14 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 16 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 38 part-time jobs, an increase of 4 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 11 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 17 permanent jobs, a decrease of 23 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 47 temporary jobs, an increase of 13 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 9 public sector jobs, a decrease of 22 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 22 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 55 private sector jobs, an increase of 12 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 17 jobs from 2011
 - 32 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal males**, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 7 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ♦ 31 full-time jobs, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 1 part-time job, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - ♦ 15 permanent jobs, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 17 temporary jobs, unchanged from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 12 public sector jobs, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - ♦ 20 private sector jobs, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
- of the 105 **jobs filled by females**, there were:
 - 45 jobs filled by **Aboriginal females**, a decrease of 21 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 14 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ♦ 22 full-time jobs, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
 - ♦ 23 part-time jobs, a decrease of 17 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 14 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 28 permanent jobs, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 17 temporary jobs, a decrease of 24 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 26 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 29 public sector jobs, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 16 private sector jobs, a decrease of 16 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011

- 60 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal females**, an increase of 6 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 56 full-time jobs, an increase of 10 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 4 part-time jobs, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - ◆ 34 permanent jobs, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 11 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 26 temporary jobs, an increase of 13 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 29 public sector jobs, an increase of 4 jobs from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
 - ◆ 31 private sector jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011.

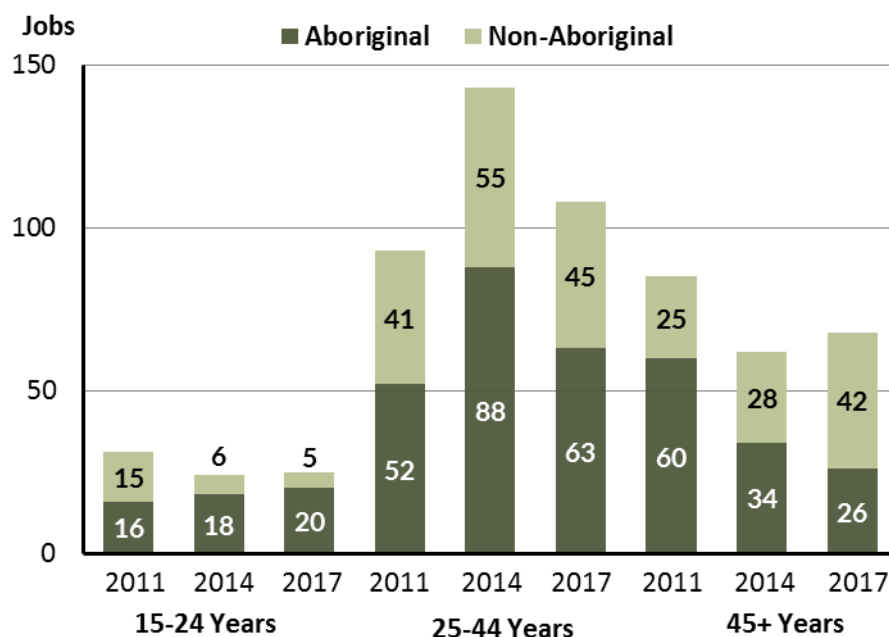
Jobs by Age

Table 24: Counts of filled jobs by age and Aboriginal status of person employed in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(j)

Indicator	2011			2014			2017			Change 2011-2014			Change 2014-2017		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
15-24 years	16	15	31	18	6	24	20	5	25	2	-9	-7	2	-1	1
25-44 years	52	41	93	88	55	143	63	45	108	36	14	50	-25	-10	-35
45+ years	60	25	85	34	28	62	26	42	68	-26	3	-23	-8	14	6
Total	128	81	209	140	89	229	112	92	204	12	8	20	-28	3	-25

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Chart 12: Count of filled jobs by age and Aboriginal status of person in job, 2011, 2014 and 2017 (a)(c)(j)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 25 **jobs filled** by persons aged **15-24 years**, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 6 jobs from 2011. Of these:
 - 20 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - 5 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011

- there were 103 **jobs filled** by persons aged **25-44 years**, a decrease of 40 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011. Of these:
 - 61 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 27 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
 - 42 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
- there were 68 **jobs filled** by persons aged **45+ years**, an increase of 6 jobs from 2011 and a decrease of 17 jobs from 2011. Of these:
 - 26 jobs were filled by **Aboriginal** persons, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 34 jobs from 2011
 - 42 jobs were filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, an increase of 14 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 17 jobs from 2011.

Table 25: Counts of filled jobs by age, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector June-July 2011 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

Indicator	2011											
	15-24 years			25-44 years			45+ years			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	8	13	21	30	38	68	26	23	49	64	74	138
Part-time	8	2	10	22	3	25	34	2	36	64	7	71
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209
Permanent	1	6	7	25	17	42	15	11	26	41	34	75
Temporary	15	9	24	27	24	51	45	14	59	87	47	134
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209
Public Sector	6	1	7	17	23	40	50	16	66	73	40	113
Private Sector	10	14	24	35	18	53	10	9	19	55	41	96
Total	16	15	31	52	41	93	60	25	85	128	81	209

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 26: Counts of filled jobs by age, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector June-July 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

2014												
Indicator	15-24 years			25-44 years			45+ years			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	8	5	13	40	46	86	18	28	46	66	79	145
Part-time	10	1	11	48	9	57	16	0	16	74	10	84
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229
Permanent	12	1	13	33	37	70	20	21	41	65	59	124
Temporary	6	5	11	55	18	73	14	7	21	75	30	105
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229
Public Sector	3	0	3	44	25	69	18	9	27	65	34	99
Private Sector	15	6	21	44	30	74	16	19	35	75	55	130
Total	18	6	24	88	55	143	34	28	62	140	89	229

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Table 27: Counts of filled jobs by age, by Aboriginal status of person in the job, by full-time/part-time status, by job permanency and by sector June-July 2017 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

2017												
Indicator	15-24 years			25-44 years			45+ years			Total		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Full-time	8	5	13	24	41	65	16	41	57	51	87	138
Part-time	12	0	12	39	4	43	10	1	11	61	5	66
Total	20	5	25	63	45	108	26	42	68	112	92	204
Permanent	11	1	12	15	25	40	19	23	42	48	49	97
Temporary	9	4	13	48	20	68	7	19	26	64	43	107
Total	20	5	25	63	45	108	26	42	68	112	92	204
Public Sector	2	1	3	20	22	42	16	18	34	41	41	82
Private Sector	18	4	22	43	23	66	10	24	34	71	51	122
Total	20	5	25	63	45	108	26	42	68	112	92	204

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- of the 25 **jobs filled** by persons aged **15-24 years**, there were:
 - 20 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ♦ 8 were full-time jobs, unchanged from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
 - ♦ 12 were part-time jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 11 were permanent jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 9 were temporary jobs, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 6 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 2 were public sector jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 18 were private sector jobs, an increase of 3 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - 5 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ♦ 5 were full-time jobs, unchanged from 2014 and a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ None were part-time jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 1 was a permanent job, unchanged from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 4 were temporary jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 1 was a public sector job, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
4 were private sector jobs, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
- of the 108 **jobs filled** by persons aged **25-44 years**, there were:
 - 63 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ♦ 24 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 16 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 6 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 39 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 17 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 15 were permanent jobs, a decrease of 18 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 48 were temporary jobs, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 21 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 20 were public sector jobs, a decrease of 24 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ♦ 43 were private sector jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 8 jobs from 2011

- 45 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ◆ 41 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 4 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 1 job from 2011
 - ◆ 25 were permanent jobs, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 20 were temporary jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 22 were public sector jobs, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - ◆ 23 were private sector jobs, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
- of the 68 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, there were:
 - 26 jobs filled by **Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ◆ 16 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 10 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 24 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 19 were permanent jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2014 and an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 7 were temporary jobs, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 38 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 16 were public sector jobs, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2014 and a decrease of 34 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 10 were private sector jobs, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2014 and unchanged from 2011
 - 42 jobs filled by **non-Aboriginal** persons, of which:
 - ◆ 41 were full-time jobs, an increase of 13 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 18 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 1 was a part-time job, an increase of 1 job from 2014 and a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - ◆ 23 were permanent jobs, an increase of 2 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 19 were temporary jobs, an increase of 12 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 18 were public sector jobs, an increase of 9 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 24 were private sector jobs, an increase of 5 jobs from 2014 and an increase of 15 jobs from 2011.

Vocational Education and Training

Note: Since previous publications, the 2010 data have fallen in line with the new standardised reporting practices with an emphasis of all training activity undertaken in the remote town regardless of funding stream. As such, figures for 2010 VET data in this publication may differ from previous publications.

The impact of the Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) being established in 2013 has played a significant role in the downturn of accredited training in many remote towns across the Territory.

Table 28: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) students, 2010, 2013 and 2016 (k)

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		2016		Change	
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	2010-2013	2013-2016
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	13	10	51	17	13	38
Automotive	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	- 2
Building and Construction	0	0	20	15	13	4	20	- 7
Business and Clerical	2	100	11	8	24	8	9	13
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	47	36	73	24	47	26
Engineering and Mining	0	0	0	0	65	21	0	65
Food Processing	0	0	0	0	10	3	0	10
General Education and Training	0	0	6	5	52	17	6	46
Primary Industry	0	0	13	10	0	0	13	- 13
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	9	7	9	3	9	0
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	- 5
Transport and Storage	0	0	6	5	8	3	6	2
Total	2	100	132	100	305	100	130	173

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- there were 305 **VET students**, an increase of 173 students from 2013 and an increase of 303 students from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most students were Community Services, Health and Education (73), Engineering and Mining (65), and General Education and Training (52)
- Engineering and Mining reported the largest increase in students (65) compared to 2013 and Primary Industry reported the largest decrease in students (-13) over the same period.

Table 29: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) unit enrolments, 2010, 2013 and 2016 (I)

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		2016		Change	
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	2010-2013	2013-2016
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	82	15	255	15	82	173
Automotive	0	0	5	1	0	0	5	- 5
Building and Construction	0	0	66	12	126	7	66	60
Business and Clerical	12	100	49	9	97	6	37	48
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	163	30	175	10	163	12
Engineering and Mining	0	0	0	0	438	26	0	438
Food Processing	0	0	0	0	190	11	0	190
General Education and Training	0	0	12	2	347	20	12	335
Primary Industry	0	0	18	3	0	0	18	- 18
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	99	18	51	3	99	- 48
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	36	7	0	0	36	- 36
Transport and Storage	0	0	6	1	32	2	6	26
Total	12	100	536	100	1 711	100	524	1 175

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- there were 1711 **VET unit enrolments**, an increase of 1175 unit enrolments from 2013 and an increase of 1699 unit enrolments from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit enrolments were Engineering and Mining (438), General Education and Training (347), and Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation (255)
- Engineering and Mining reported the largest increase in unit enrolments (438) compared to 2013 and Sales and Personal Service reported the largest decrease in unit enrolments (-48) over the same period.

Table 30: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) nominal hours, 2010, 2013 and 2016 (m)

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		2016		Change	
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	2010-2013	2013-2016
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	1 831	13	5 946	15	1 831	4 115
Automotive	0	0	130	1	0	0	130	- 130
Building and Construction	0	0	1 522	11	3 684	9	1 522	2 162
Business and Clerical	345	100	1 650	12	2 345	6	1 305	695
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	5 555	39	2 045	5	5 555	-3 510
Engineering and Mining	0	0	0	0	13 480	34	0	13 480
Food Processing	0	0	0	0	6 000	15	0	6 000
General Education and Training	0	0	360	3	4 410	11	360	4 050
Primary Industry	0	0	780	6	0	0	780	- 780
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	1 404	10	460	1	1 404	- 944
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	664	5	0	0	664	- 664
Transport and Storage	0	0	240	2	880	2	240	640
Total	345	100	14 136	100	39 250	100	13 791	25 114

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- there were 39 250 **VET nominal hours** delivered, an increase of 25 114 nominal hours delivered from 2013 and an increase of 38 905 nominal hours delivered from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most nominal hours delivered were Engineering and Mining (13 480), Food Processing (6000), and Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation (5946)
- Engineering and Mining reported the largest increase in nominal hours delivered (13 480) compared to 2013 and Community Services, Health and Education reported the largest decrease in nominal hours delivered (-3510) over the same period.

Caveat: *Nominal hours are based on the hours funded through Department of Trade Business and Innovation contracts; students and units includes delivery that has been funded in a previous year, fee for service or training that did not meet the funding requirements. Because of this a direct match cannot be made between hours and student/units.*

Table 31: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) unit completions, 2010, 2013 and 2016 (n)

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		2016		Change	
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	2010-2013	2013-2016
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	10	3	148	16	10	138
Automotive	0	0	4	1	0	0	4	- 4
Building and Construction	0	0	66	18	51	6	66	- 15
Business and Clerical	12	100	16	4	52	6	4	36
Community Services, Health and Education	0	0	135	36	160	17	135	25
Engineering and Mining	0	0	0	0	159	17	0	159
Food Processing	0	0	0	0	180	20	0	180
General Education and Training	0	0	0	0	137	15	0	137
Primary Industry	0	0	18	5	0	0	18	- 18
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	99	27	0	0	99	- 99
Tourism and Hospitality	0	0	20	5	0	0	20	- 20
Transport and Storage	0	0	5	1	32	3	5	27
Total	12	100	373	100	919	100	361	546

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- there were 919 **VET unit completions**, an increase of 546 unit completions from 2013 and an increase of 907 unit completions from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit completions were Food Processing (180), Community Services, Health and Education (160), and Engineering and Mining (159)
- Food Processing reported the largest increase in nominal hours delivered (180) compared to 2013 and Sales and Personal Service reported the largest decrease in nominal hours delivered (-99) over the same period.

Population

Table 32: Population distribution by gender and age (p)(r)

Indicator	2006			2016			Change		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
0-4 years	39	42	81	39	31	70	0	-11	-11
5-14 years	69	65	134	97	80	177	28	15	43
15-24 years	81	76	157	60	58	118	-21	-18	-39
25-44 years	104	127	231	128	191	319	24	64	88
45-64 years	72	68	140	71	111	182	-1	43	42
65+ years	8	38	46	0	9	9	-8	-29	-37
TOTAL	373	416	789	395	480	875	22	64	86

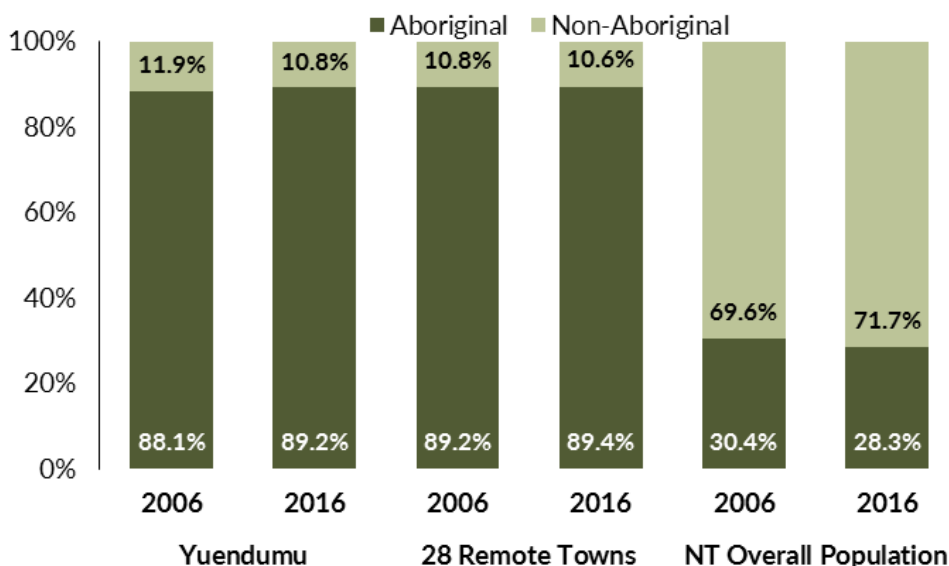
Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- there were an estimated 875 persons, of which:
 - 395 (45.1%) were male
 - 480 (54.9%) were female
- between 2006 and 2016, the **overall population** in Yuendumu increased by 86 persons from 2006, or an average of 1% per year compared to 0.7% across the 28 remote towns and 1.5% Territory wide
- the **male population** increased by 22 persons from 2006
- the **female population** increased by 64 persons from 2006
- in 2016, the **working age population** (15 years and over) in Yuendumu was an estimated 628 persons (71.8% of the total population) compared with 574 persons (72.8% of the total population) in 2006. Of these:
 - 118 (13.5%) were between 15 and 24 years of age
 - 319 (36.5%) were between 25 and 44 years of age
 - 182 (20.8%) were between 45 and 64 years of age
 - 9 (1%) were over 65 years of age
- of the 628 persons of **working age**:
 - 259 (41.2%) were male
 - 369 (58.8%) were female.

There were 0.4 jobs in Yuendumu per working age person compared to 0.4 jobs per working age person across the 28 remote towns in the Northern Territory.

Chart 13: Population by Aboriginal status compared to the 28 remote towns and the NT (p)(q)



Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu:

- 89.2% of the population in Yuendumu were **Aboriginal**, compared to 88.1% in 2006
- 89.4% of the population across all 28 remote towns were **Aboriginal**
- 28.3% of the Northern Territory population were **Aboriginal**.

Table 33: Unemployment and participation rates by Aboriginal status compared to the NT (q)

	Yuendumu			Northern Territory		
	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Total
Unemployment rate	62.1%	4.8%	49.5%	26.7%	3.8%	7.0%
Participation rate	61.1%	95.5%	65.6%	41.0%	79.9%	70.6%

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

In 2016 in Yuendumu the:

- **total unemployment rate** was 49.5% compared to 7% for the total Northern Territory
- **Aboriginal unemployment rate** was 62.1% compared to 26.7% for the total Northern Territory
- **non-Aboriginal unemployment rate** was 4.8% compared to 3.8% for the total Northern Territory
- **total participation rate** was 65.6% compared to 70.6% for the total Northern Territory
- **Aboriginal participation rate** was 61.1% compared to 41% for the total Northern Territory
- **non-Aboriginal participation rate** was 95.5% compared to 79.9% for the total Northern Territory.

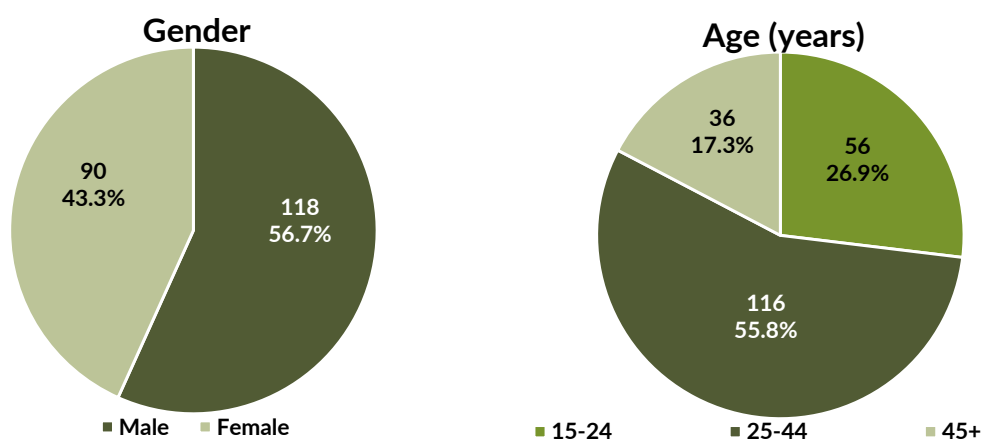
Community Development Programme

Table 34: Community Development Programme Aboriginal Job Seekers, 30 April 2018 (o)

Indicator	Aboriginal	
	No.	%
Total Aboriginal Job Seekers	208	N/A
Age (years)		
15-24	56	26.9
25-44	116	55.8
45+	36	17.3
Total	208	100.0
Gender		
Male	118	56.7
Female	90	43.3
Total	208	100.0
Employment Outcome - 1 July 2015 to 30 April 2018		
13 Weeks	< 20	N/A
26 Weeks	< 20	N/A
Currently in Activities	148	

Source: Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet

Chart 14: Community Development Programme Aboriginal Job Seekers by Gender and Age Group, 30 April 2018 (o)



Source: Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet

As at 30 April 2018, in Yuendumu, there were 208 CDP **Aboriginal** job seekers, of these:

- 118 (56.7%) were male and 90 (43.3%) were female
- 56 (26.9%) were aged 15-24 years, 116 (55.8%) were aged 25-44 years, and 36 (17.3%) were aged 45+ years
- between 1 July 2015 and 30 April 2018, < 20 had reached the 13 week reporting milestone and < 20 had reached the 26 week reporting milestone
- 148 were currently in activities.

Businesses

Table 35: Businesses by sector (d)(s)

Business Name	Reported on in 2011?	Reported on in 2014?	Reported on in 2017?
PUBLIC SECTOR			
Central Desert Regional Council	Yes	Yes	Yes
Department of Education	Yes	Yes	Yes
Department of Health	Yes	Yes	Yes
Department of Housing, Local Government and Regional Services (DHLGRS)	Yes	No	No
Department of Human Services trading as Centrelink	Yes	Yes	Yes
Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet	Yes	Yes	Yes
Northern Territory Police, Fire Emergency Services	Yes	Yes	Yes
Territory Families	No	No	Yes
PRIVATE SECTOR			
Batchelor Institute of Indigenous Tertiary Education (BIITE)	Yes	No	No
Central Land Council	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mampu Maninja Kurlangu Jarlu Patuk Ku Aboriginal Corporation - Yuendumu Old Peoples Home	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mellors Construction	Yes	No	No
Ngurratjuta Pmara Ntjarra Aboriginal Corporation trading as Ngurratjuta Aboriginal Corporation	No	Yes	No
Nguru Walalja Store	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pintubi Anmatjere Warlpiri Media and Communication (PAW)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Steps Group Australia Limited	No	Yes	Yes
Tanami Cleaning and Maintenance Pty Ltd	No	Yes	No
Wallcon Pty Ltd	Yes	Yes	No
Warlpiri Youth Development Aboriginal Corporation (WYDAC)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Warlukurlangu Artists Aboriginal Corporation	Yes	Yes	Yes
Western Desert Nganampa Walytja Palyantjaku Tjutaku Aboriginal Corporation trading as Western Desert Dialysis	No	Yes	Yes
Willow Tree Training Pty Ltd	No	Yes	No
World Vision	No	Yes	No
Yapa-Kurlangu Ngurrara Aboriginal Corporation (YKNAC)	No	No	Yes
Yuendumu Mining Company	No	Yes	Yes
Yuendumu Store	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yuendumu Womens Centre Aboriginal Corporation	Yes	Yes	Yes

Source: Department of Trade, Business and Innovation

Note: Business names captured across the three survey periods have been identified by the current 2017 Business ABN name listed as at 2017.

In 2017 in Yuendumu:

- there were 19 businesses reported on, of which:
 - 7 businesses were from the public sector (37%)
 - 12 businesses were from the private sector (63%)
- there were 5 businesses operating that were not operating in 2011.

Notes

- (a) These counts represent numbers of filled jobs and not numbers of persons. As such the totals represent the total number of filled jobs, not the total number of employees. This count is not directly comparable to the total number of employed persons as a person may have several jobs or one job may be shared by more than one person.
- (b) Full-time is defined as a job usually requiring 35 hours or more per week or that required 35 hours or more work during the reference week. Part-time is defined as a job usually requiring less than 35 hours per week or that required less than 35 hours work during the reference week. The reference week refers to the period that respondents were asked to provide information about. In most instances it would be the week prior to the week the questionnaire was completed. Questionnaires were predominantly conducted in June and July.
- (c) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the Aboriginal status of persons in the jobs. The Aboriginal status of the person employed in a job was reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (d) Sector was classified using the Standard Economic Sector of Classifications of Australia (SESCA), 2008.
- (e) Job permanency is classified according to what the business believes the level of job permanency is based on guidelines provided by data collectors. Those guidelines state a permanent job has paid annual and/or sick leave entitlements while a temporary job includes casual and fixed-term contract jobs.
- (f) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), 2006, major occupation level.
- (g) Other occupations include jobs where occupation was not stated, not known or inadequately described.
- (h) Classified using the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006, division level.
- (i) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the gender of persons in the jobs. The gender of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (j) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the age of persons in the jobs. The age of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (k) Students represent the number of individual clients that enrolled in a Vocational Education and Training unit during the calendar year.
- (l) Unit enrolments represent the count of individual units that students enrolled in during the calendar year.
- (m) Nominal hours delivered is the sum of the nominal hours of the units commenced during the calendar year regardless of when the course enrolment commenced.
- (n) Unit completions are the count of all successfully completed units reported in the calendar year regardless of the year of commencement of the units.
- (o) The Community Development Programme (CDP) supports job seekers in remote Australia to build skills, address barriers and contribute to their communities through a range of flexible activities. Under the CDP, job seekers with activity requirements are expected to do up to 25 hours per week of work-like activities that benefit their community. It should be noted that some CDP participants may be reported on within the profile if they are attached to a filled position with an employer captured in the survey. Due to confidentiality issues, data below 20 people is not published.
- (p) Population estimates for both 2006 and 2016 are taken from the estimated resident population (ERP) data produced by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) and based on Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Statistical Area Level 1 (SA1) regions. ERP are official estimates of the Australian population, which link people to a place of usual residence with Australia. All ERP data sources, including the Census of Population and Housing (Census), are subject to error (including inaccuracies in collection, recording and processing data) and should be used with caution.
- (q) Indigenous population proportions, unemployment and workforce participation rates are based on ABS Census counts at ASGS Indigenous Locations (ILOCs) for each remote town.
- (r) Working-age population includes all residents aged 15 years and over (commonly referred to as the civilian population) and consists of persons that are employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
- (s) A 'business' has been defined as any organisation that has undertaken productive activities in the last year, including companies, non-profit organisations, government departments and enterprises operating within the designated remote geography (town), and has one or more employees in paid employment and an Australian Business Number (ABN).

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ABN	Australian Business Number
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ANZSCO	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations
ANZSIC	Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
ASGS	Australian Statistical Geography Standard
CDP	Community Development Programme
ERP	Estimated Resident Population
ILOC	Indigenous Locations
nec	Not Elsewhere Classified
No.	Number
Perm	Permanent
ppt	Percentage point
RJCP	Remote Jobs and Communities Program
Temp	Temporary
SA1	Statistical Area Level 1
VET	Vocational Education and Training