



Northern
Territory
Government



2014 JOBS PROFILE

BORROLOOLA

© Northern Territory of Australia 2014

Preferred Reference: Department of Business, 2014 Jobs Profiles, Northern Territory Government, November 2014, Darwin.

Disclaimer

The data in this publication were predominantly collected by conducting a face-to-face survey of businesses within town boundaries during mid-2014. The collection methodology was created in accordance with Australian Bureau of Statistics data quality framework principles. Data in this publication are only reflective of those businesses reported on as operating in the town at the time of data collection (see Table 30 for list of businesses reported on).

To comply with privacy legislation or where appropriate, some data in this publication may have been adjusted and will not reflect the actual data reported by businesses. As a result of this, combined with certain data not being reported by some businesses, some components may not add to totals and changes over time may be partially reflective of business' change in propensity to report on certain data items rather than actual changes over time. Total figures have generally not been adjusted.

Caution is advised when interpreting the comparisons made to the earlier 2011 publication as the businesses identified and reported on and the corresponding jobs may differ between publications.

Notes for each table and chart are alphabetically ordered and listed at the end of the publication.

Any use of this report for commercial purposes is not endorsed by the Department of Business.

Table of Contents

Borrooloola	4
Publication Summary	5
Jobs Overview	6
Jobs by Indigenous Status	7
Jobs by Sector	8
Job Permanency	12
Job Vacancies.....	14
Jobs by Industry.....	16
Jobs by Occupation.....	20
Jobs by Industry by Occupation	22
Jobs by Gender.....	23
Jobs by Age	26
Vocational Education and Training.....	29
Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP)	33
Population.....	34
Businesses	35
Notes	37
Abbreviations and Acronyms.....	38

This profile is intended to be used as an evidence base to inform decision making relating to workforce development and enterprise opportunity in this town. This is the second production and publication of the jobs profiles, the first was provided in 2011 to support the implementation of the National Partnership Agreement on Remote Service Delivery.

Borrooloola

Borrooloola is located at the end of the Carpentaria Highway, 1000 kilometres south-east of Darwin, 662 kilometres from Katherine and 1007 kilometres from Mt Isa, Queensland.

The Northern Territory Government is working with Territorians, the Australian Government, regional councils, land councils, private businesses, Aboriginal organisations, not-for-profit organisations and industry groups to improve the standard of living in remote Territory communities.

This publication provides a snapshot of jobs and the characteristics of job holders in Borrooloola as at June-July 2014. It contains information collected by the Northern Territory Department of Business from businesses operating within the town and is supplemented by other administrative data sets and information. This 2014 publication also compares and comments on variations that are evidenced between the 2014 and earlier 2011 collection periods.

The information collected and reported on represents a significant goodwill investment by those businesses that participated.

Each business is listed at the end of this publication.



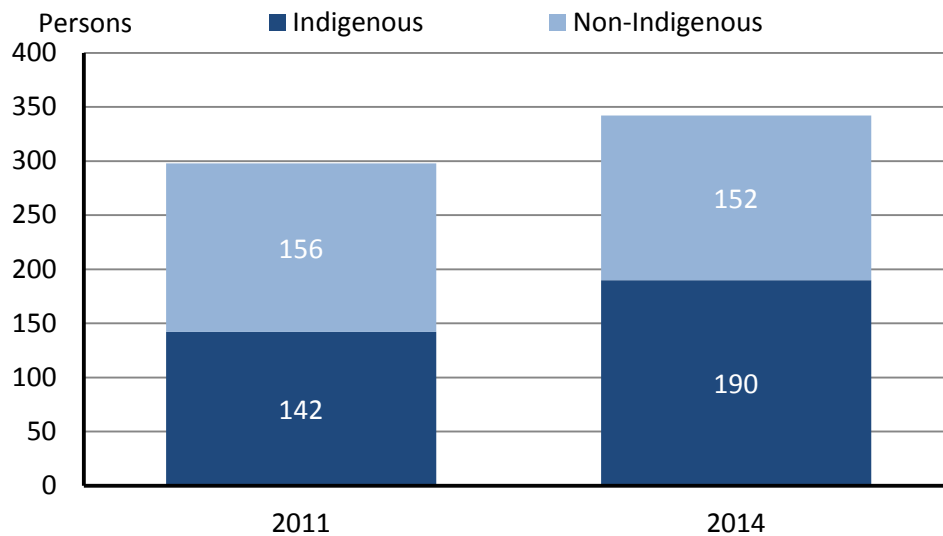
Publication Summary

At the time of collection in 2014 in Borroloolo there were a total of 379 filled and vacant jobs, an increase of 57 jobs overall from 2011. Filled jobs increased by 44 to 342 jobs.

Of the 342 filled jobs there were:

- 190 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 48 jobs from 2011, and 152 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011

Summary Chart 1: Count of filled jobs in Borroloolo by Indigenous status, 2011 and 2014



Source: Department of Business

- 93 jobs in the public sector, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011, and 249 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 42 jobs over the same period
- 172 permanent jobs, an increase of 57 jobs from 2011, and 170 temporary jobs, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011
- 159 jobs filled by males, an increase of 16 jobs from 2011, and 183 jobs filled by females, an increase of 28 jobs over the same period
- 44 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, an increase of 21 jobs from 2011, 151 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, an increase of 1 job from 2011, and 147 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, an increase of 22 jobs from 2011
- 79 jobs as Professionals, making it the largest occupation group in terms of filled jobs
- other significant occupation groups were:
 - Community and administrative workers with 63 filled jobs
 - Labourers with 50 filled jobs
- there were 37 vacancies, an increase of 13 vacancies from 2011.

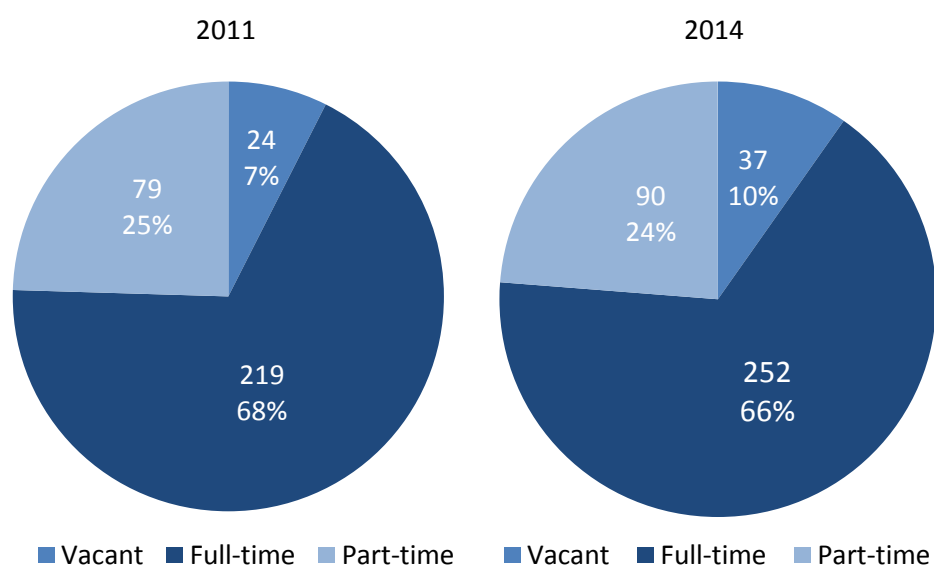
Jobs Overview

Table 1: Count of filled jobs and vacancies, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)

	2011	2014	Change
Total All Jobs	322	379	57
Vacancies	24	37	13
Vacancies as % of Total All Jobs	7.5%	9.8%	2.3 ppt
Filled Jobs	298	342	44
Full-time	219	252	33
Part-time	79	90	11

Source: Department of Business

Chart 1: Count of vacant jobs and filled jobs by full-time/part-time status, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)



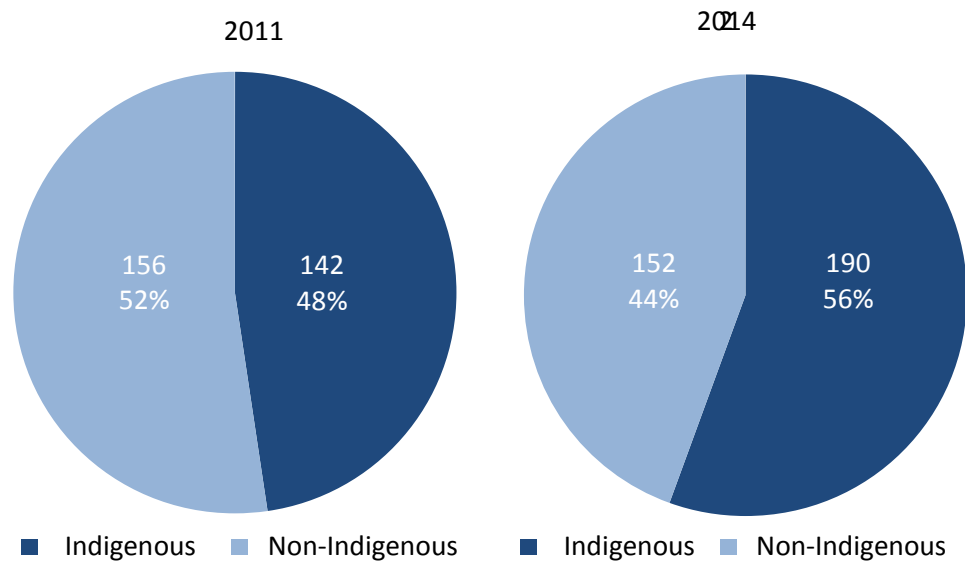
Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were a total of 342 filled jobs, an increase of 44 jobs from 2011
- of the 342 filled jobs in 2014:
 - 252 were full-time jobs, an increase of 33 jobs from 2011
 - 90 were part-time jobs, an increase of 11 jobs from 2011
- there were 37 total job vacancies in 2014, an increase of 13 vacancies from 2011.

Jobs by Indigenous Status

Chart 2: Count of filled jobs by Indigenous status, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

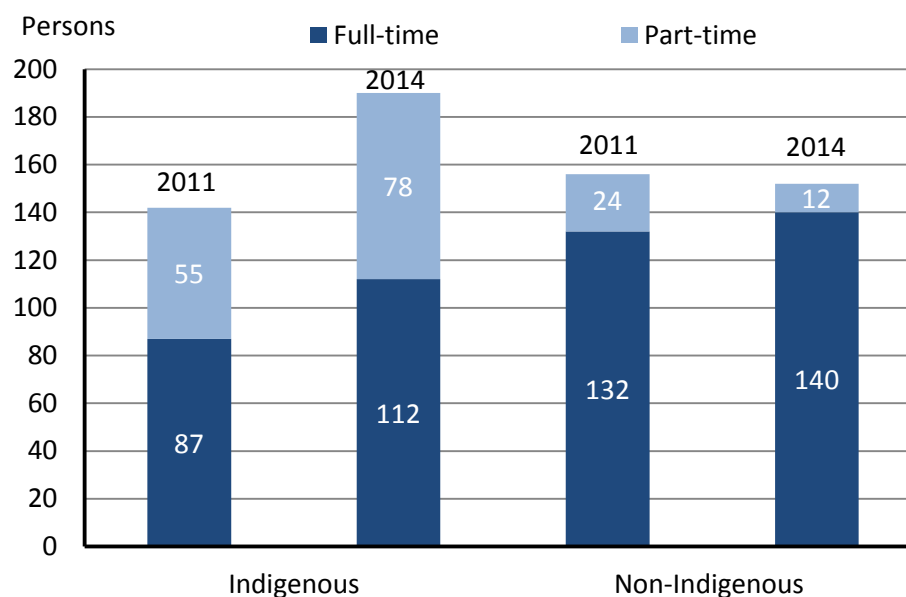
- of the 342 filled jobs:
 - 190 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 48 jobs from 2011
 - 152 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011
- Indigenous persons accounted for 56% of job holders compared to 48% in 2011.

Table 2: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(c)

Indicator	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Full-time	87	132	219	112	140	252	25	8	33
Part-time	55	24	79	78	12	90	23	-12	11
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 3: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(c)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 342 filled jobs:
 - 112 were full-time jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 25 jobs from 2011
 - 78 were part-time jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 23 jobs from 2011
 - 140 were full-time jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - 12 were part-time jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011.

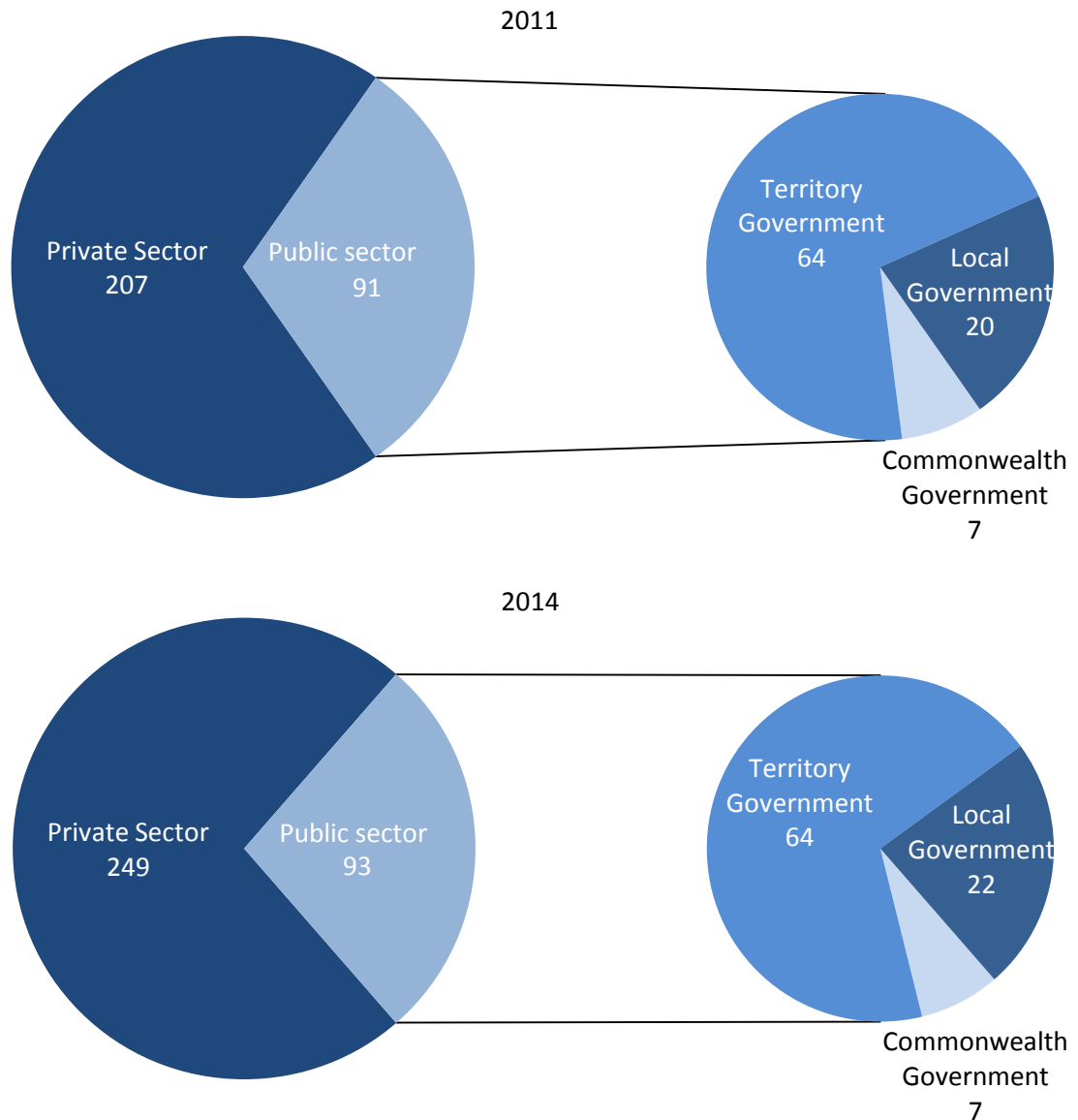
Jobs by Sector

Table 3: Count of filled jobs by sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(d)

Indicator	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Public Sector	44	47	91	37	56	93	-7	9	2
Commonwealth Government	3	4	7	6	1	7	3	-3	0
Territory Government	28	36	64	18	46	64	-10	10	0
Local Government	13	7	20	13	9	22	0	2	2
Private Sector	98	109	207	153	96	249	55	-13	42
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 4: Count of filled jobs by sector of business, 2011 and 2014 (a)(d)

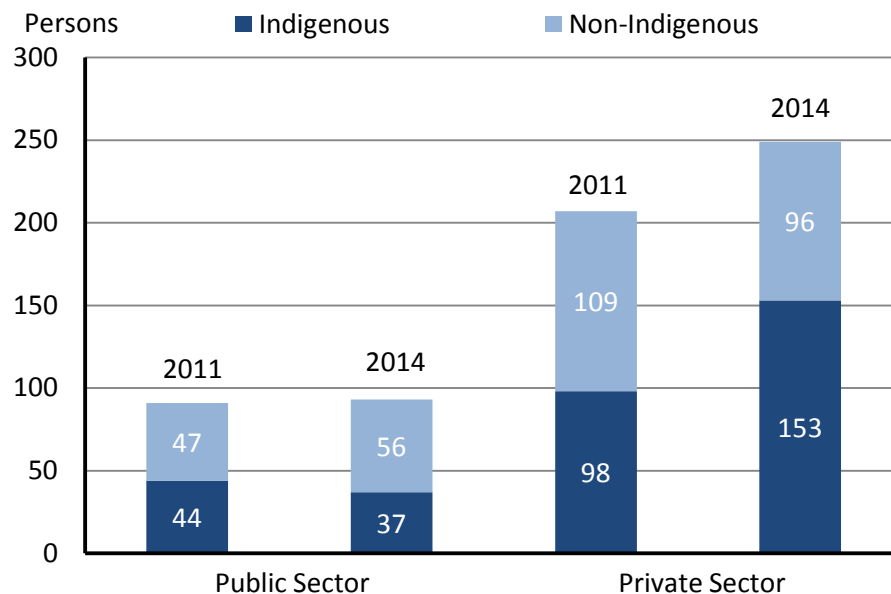


Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 93 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - 7 jobs were in the Commonwealth Government, unchanged from 2011
 - 64 jobs were in the Territory Government, unchanged from 2011
 - 22 jobs were in the Local Government, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
- there were 249 jobs in the private sector in 2014, an increase of 42 jobs from 2011.

Chart 5: Count of filled jobs by sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(d)

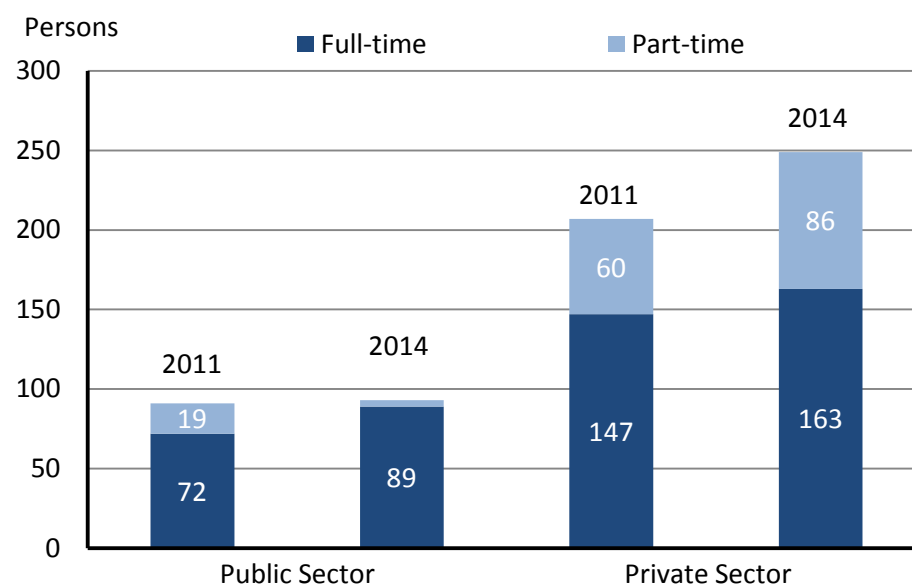


Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 93 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - 37 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 7 jobs from 2011
 - 56 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
- of the 249 jobs in the private sector in 2014:
 - 153 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 55 jobs from 2011
 - 96 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011.

Chart 6: Count of filled jobs by sector and full-time/part-time status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(d)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 93 jobs in the public sector:
 - 89 were full-time jobs, an increase of 17 jobs from 2011
 - 4 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 15 jobs from 2011
- of the 249 jobs in the private sector:
 - 163 were full-time jobs, an increase of 16 jobs from 2011
 - 86 were part-time jobs, an increase of 26 jobs from 2011.

Table 4: Count of filled jobs by full-time/part-time status and Indigenous status of person in job by sector, 2011 and 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)

Indicator	2011								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total
Public sector	34	10	44	38	9	47	72	19	91
Private sector	53	45	98	94	15	109	147	60	207
Total	87	55	142	132	24	156	219	79	298

Indicator	2014								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total
Public sector	33	4	37	56	0	56	89	4	93
Private sector	79	74	153	84	12	96	163	86	249
Total	112	78	190	140	12	152	252	90	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 37 jobs in the public sector filled by Indigenous persons:
 - 33 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 1 job from 2011
 - 4 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 6 jobs from 2011
- of the 153 jobs in the private sector filled by Indigenous persons:
 - 79 were full-time jobs, an increase of 26 jobs from 2011
 - 74 were part-time jobs, an increase of 29 jobs from 2011
- of the 56 jobs in the public sector filled by non-Indigenous persons:
 - 56 were full-time jobs, an increase of 18 jobs from 2011
 - none were part-time jobs, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
- of the 96 jobs in the private sector filled by non-Indigenous persons:
 - 84 were full-time jobs, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
 - 12 were part-time jobs, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011.

Job Permanency

Table 5: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(e)

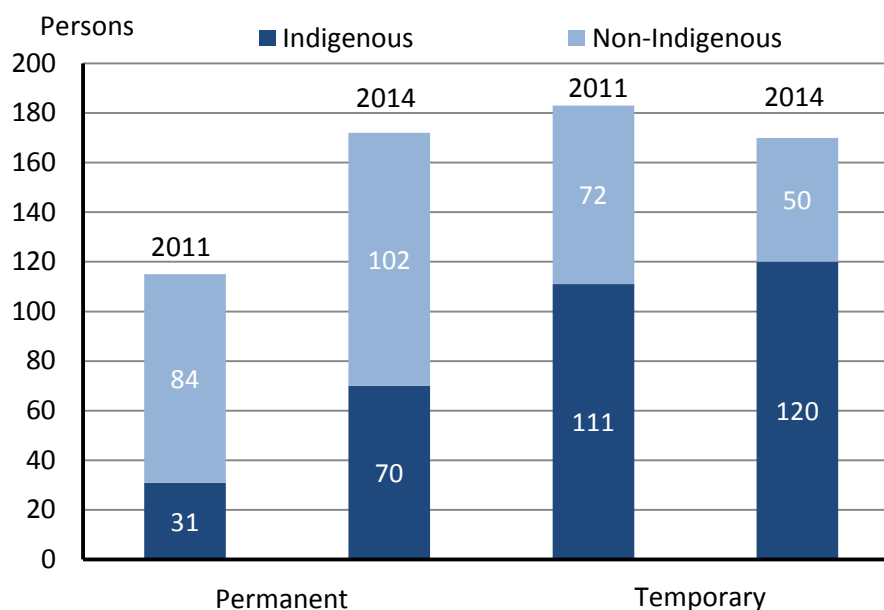
Indicator	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Permanent	31	84	115	70	102	172	39	18	57
Temporary	111	72	183	120	50	170	9	-22	-13
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borrooloola:

- there were 172 permanent jobs, an increase of 57 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 70 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 39 jobs from 2011
 - 102 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 18 jobs from 2011
- there were 170 temporary jobs, a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - 120 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
 - 50 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 22 jobs from 2011.

Chart 7: Count of filled jobs by employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(e)



Source: Department of Business

Table 6: Count of filled jobs by sector, Indigenous status and employment status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(d)(e)

Indicator	2011								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	28	16	44	27	20	47	55	36	91
Private Sector	3	95	98	57	52	109	60	147	207
Total	31	111	142	84	72	156	115	183	298

Indicator	2014								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Public Sector	30	7	37	48	8	56	78	15	93
Private Sector	40	113	153	54	42	96	94	155	249
Total	70	120	190	102	50	152	172	170	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- of the 93 jobs in the public sector in 2014:
 - 78 jobs were permanent, an increase of 23 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 30 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 2 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 48 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 21 jobs from 2011
 - 15 jobs were temporary, a decrease of 21 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 7 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 8 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011
- of the 249 jobs in the private sector in 2014:
 - 94 jobs were permanent, an increase of 34 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 40 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 37 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 54 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - 155 jobs were temporary, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011, of which:
 - ◆ 113 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 18 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 42 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011.

Job Vacancies

Table 7: Job vacancies, 2011 and 2014

Indicator	2011	2014	Change
Job vacancies	24	37	13

Source: Department of Business

Table 8: Job vacancies by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011	2014	Change
Clerical and Administrative Workers	1	4	3
Community and Personal Service Workers	9	13	4
Labourers	4	1	-3
Machinery Operators and Drivers	3	0	-3
Managers	0	1	1
Professionals	6	16	10
Sales Workers	0	0	0
Technicians and Trades Workers	1	2	1
Other occupations	0	0	0
Total	24	37	13

Source: Department of Business

Table 9: Job vacancies by job title, June-July 2014 (f)

Job Vacancy	No.
Aboriginal Community Worker	1
Aboriginal Health Practitioner	3
Assistant Principal	1
Cleaner/Driver/Gardener	1
Creche Worker - School Based Apprenticeship	1
Dance Site Communications Officer	1
Data Officer	1
Early Childhood Worker	2
Home and Community Care (Aged Care) Worker	1
Indigenous Engagement Officer	1
Learning Support Instructor	1
Mental Health Nurse	1
Municipal Services Carpenter/Trainer	1
Plumber	1
Post Placement Support Officer	2
Primary Health Care Nurse	2
Program/Activities Manager	1
Radio Broadcaster/Art Casual	1
Ranger	4
RJCP Supervisor	2
School Attendance Officer	5
Senior Ranger	1
Teacher	2
Total	37

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 37 vacancies reported, an increase of 13 vacancies from 2011
- of the 37 reported vacancies, the largest requirements were for:
 - 16 Professionals, e.g. Teacher, Radio broadcaster/art casual
 - 13 Community and personal service workers, e.g. Aboriginal community worker
 - 4 Clerical and administrative workers, e.g. Data officer.

Jobs by Industry

Table 10: Count of filled jobs by industry of business, 2011 and 2014 (a)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC Division)	2011		2014		Change
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	8	2.7%	10	2.9%	2
Arts and Recreation Services	2	0.7%	3	0.9%	1
Construction	33	11.1%	24	7.0%	-9
Education and Training	43	14.4%	46	13.5%	3
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	1	0.3%	4	1.2%	3
Financial and Insurance Services	0	0.0%	3	0.9%	3
Health Care and Social Assistance	13	4.4%	16	4.7%	3
Information Media and Telecommunications	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Other Services	1	0.3%	8	2.3%	7
Public Administration and Safety	136	45.6%	170	49.7%	34
Retail Trade	41	13.8%	56	16.4%	15
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	10	3.4%	2	0.6%	-8
Total	298	100.0%	342	100.0%	44

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

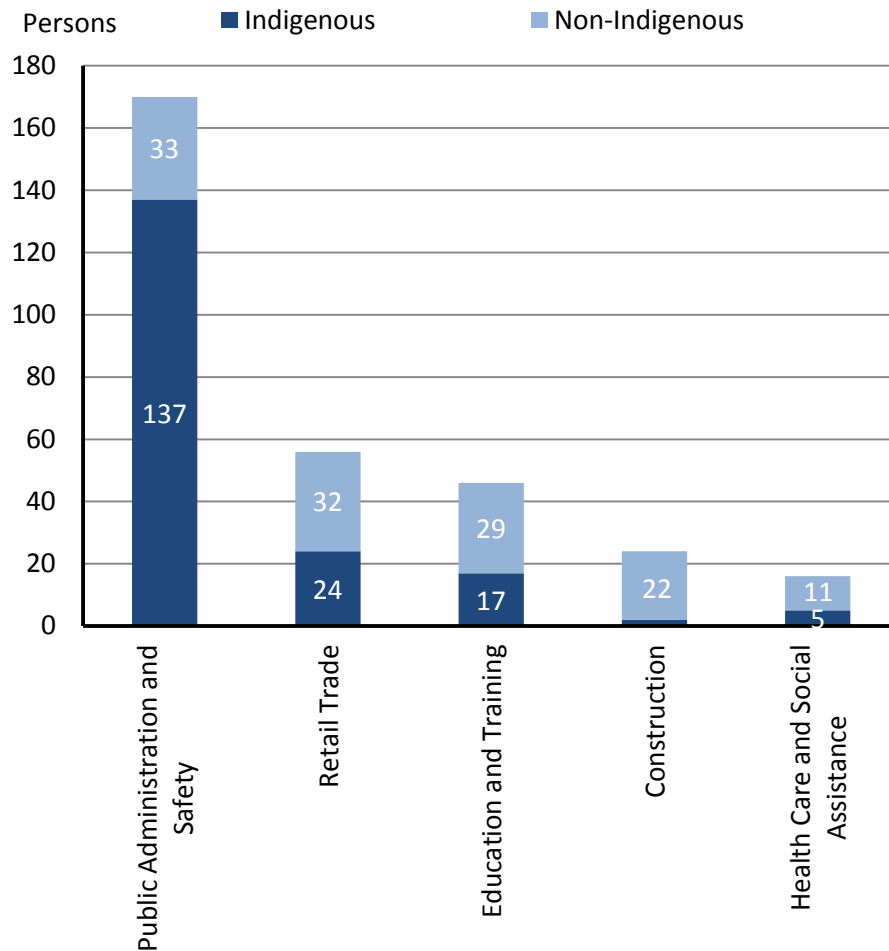
- the Public administration and safety industry was the largest industry employer, with 170 filled jobs or 49.7% of filled jobs, an increase of 34 jobs from 2011
- other significant industry employers were:
 - Retail trade with 56 jobs (or 16.4% of filled jobs), an increase of 15 jobs from 2011
 - Education and training with 46 jobs (or 13.5% of filled jobs), an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - Construction with 24 jobs (or 7% of filled jobs), a decrease of 9 jobs from 2011.

Table 11: Count of filled jobs by industry of business and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	0	8	8	1	9	10	1	1	2
Arts and Recreation Services	0	2	2	1	2	3	1	0	1
Construction	5	28	33	2	22	24	-3	-6	-9
Education and Training	17	26	43	17	29	46	0	3	3
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0	1	1	0	4	4	0	3	3
Financial and Insurance Services	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	0	3
Health Care and Social Assistance	6	7	13	5	11	16	-1	4	3
Other Services	0	1	1	0	8	8	0	7	7
Public Administration and Safety	93	43	136	137	33	170	44	-10	34
Retail Trade	19	22	41	24	32	56	5	10	15
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	2	8	10	0	2	2	-2	-6	-8
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 8: Count of filled jobs by top 5 industries of business and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(c)(h)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 190 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, including:
 - 137 jobs in Public administration and safety, an increase of 44 jobs from 2011
 - 24 jobs in Retail trade, an increase of 5 jobs from 2011
 - 17 jobs in Education and training, unchanged from 2011
- there were 152 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, including:
 - 33 jobs in Public administration and safety, a decrease of 10 jobs from 2011
 - 32 jobs in Retail trade, an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - 29 jobs in Education and training, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011.

Table 12: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 (a)(c)(e)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2011								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	0	0	0	5	3	8	5	3	8
Arts and Recreation Services	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	2
Construction	2	3	5	27	1	28	29	4	33
Education and Training	7	10	17	13	13	26	20	23	43
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Health Care and Social Assistance	2	4	6	2	5	7	4	9	13
Other Services	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
Public Administration and Safety	18	75	93	12	31	43	30	106	136
Retail Trade	2	17	19	10	12	22	12	29	41
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	0	2	2	5	3	8	5	5	10
Total	31	111	142	84	72	156	115	183	298

Source: Department of Business

Table 13: Count of filled jobs by industry, employment status and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(c)(e)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC division)	2014								
	Indigenous			Non-Indigenous			Total		
	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total	Perm	Temp	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	1	0	1	5	4	9	6	4	10
Arts and Recreation Services	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
Construction	2	0	2	22	0	22	24	0	24
Education and Training	10	7	17	21	8	29	31	15	46
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	3	4
Financial and Insurance Services	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	3
Health Care and Social Assistance	5	0	5	11	0	11	16	0	16
Other Services	0	0	0	7	1	8	7	1	8
Public Administration and Safety	25	112	137	16	17	33	41	129	170
Retail Trade	23	1	24	16	16	32	39	17	56
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	2
Total	70	120	190	102	50	152	172	170	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 172 permanent jobs an increase of 57 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 41 jobs in Public administration and safety, an increase of 11 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 25 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 7 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 16 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - 39 jobs in Retail trade, an increase of 27 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 23 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 21 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 16 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
 - 31 jobs in Education and training, an increase of 11 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 10 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 21 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
- there were 170 temporary jobs a decrease of 13 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 129 jobs in Public administration and safety, an increase of 23 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 112 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 37 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 17 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 14 jobs from 2011
 - 17 jobs in Retail trade, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 1 job filled by an Indigenous person, a decrease of 16 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 16 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 4 jobs from 2011
 - 15 jobs in Education and training, a decrease of 8 jobs from 2011, including:
 - ◆ 7 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, a decrease of 3 jobs from 2011
 - ◆ 8 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 5 jobs from 2011.



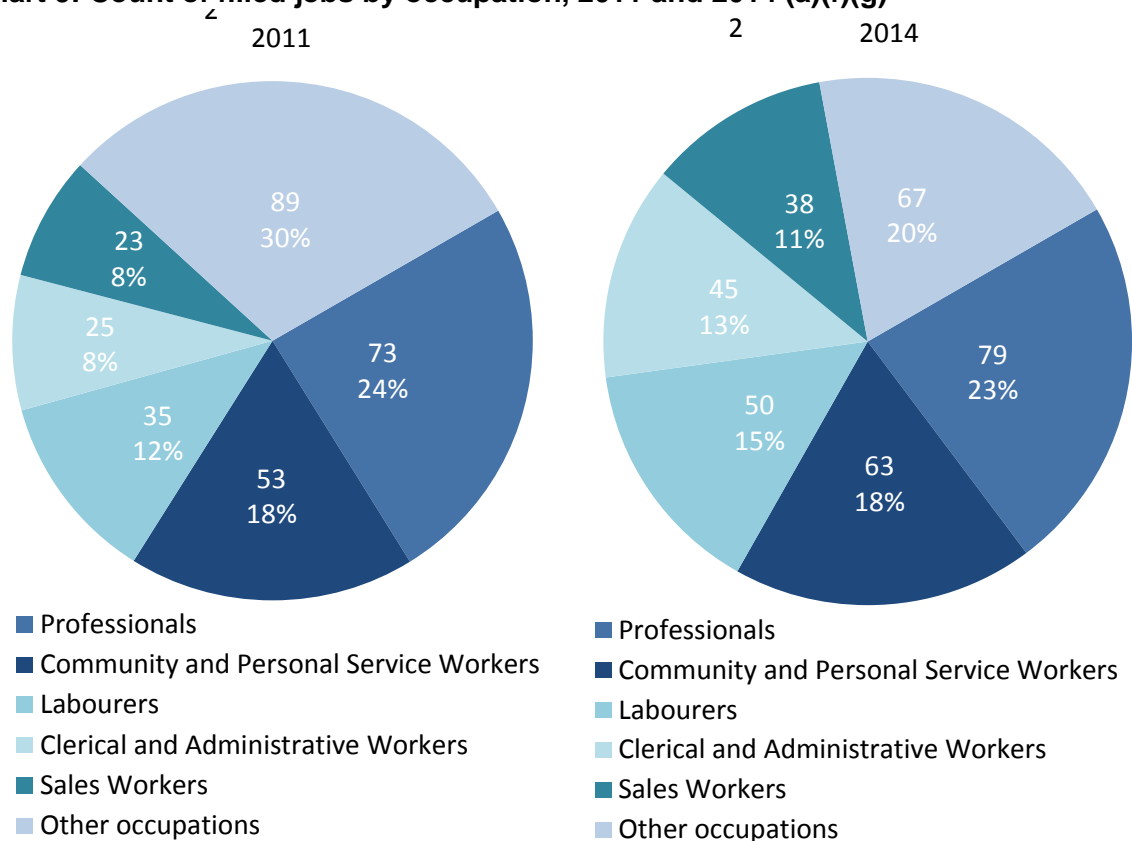
Jobs by Occupation

Table 14: Count of filled jobs by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (a)(f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011		2014		Change
	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	25	8.4%	45	13.2%	20
Community and Personal Service Workers	53	17.8%	63	18.4%	10
Labourers	35	11.7%	50	14.6%	15
Machinery Operators and Drivers	11	3.7%	13	3.8%	2
Managers	36	12.1%	22	6.4%	-14
Professionals	73	24.5%	79	23.1%	6
Sales Workers	23	7.7%	38	11.1%	15
Technicians and Trades Workers	38	12.8%	32	9.4%	-6
Other occupations	4	1.3%	0	0.0%	-4
Total	298	100.0%	342	100.0%	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 9: Count of filled jobs by occupation, 2011 and 2014 (a)(f)(g)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- Professionals was the largest occupation classification in terms of filled jobs, accounting for 79 jobs (23.1% of total filled jobs), an increase of 6 jobs from 2011
- other significant occupation classifications were:
 - Community and personal service workers (63 jobs or 18.4%) an increase of 10 jobs from 2011
 - Labourers (50 jobs or 14.6%) an increase of 15 jobs from 2011
 - Clerical and administrative workers (45 jobs or 13.2%) an increase of 20 jobs from 2011.

Table 15: Count of filled jobs by occupation (ANZSCO) and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(f)(g)

Occupation (ANZSCO major group)	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Clerical and Administrative Workers	11	14	25	27	18	45	16	4	20
Community and Personal Service Workers	41	12	53	49	14	63	8	2	10
Labourers	23	12	35	32	18	50	9	6	15
Machinery Operators and Drivers	6	5	11	4	9	13	-2	4	2
Managers	4	32	36	2	20	22	-2	-12	-14
Professionals	38	35	73	41	38	79	3	3	6
Sales Workers	12	11	23	24	14	38	12	3	15
Technicians and Trades Workers	5	33	38	11	21	32	6	-12	-6
Other occupations	2	2	4	0	0	0	-2	-2	-4
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 190 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 48 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 49 Community and personal service workers, an increase of 8 jobs from 2011
 - 41 Professionals, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - 32 Labourers, an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
- there were 152 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 4 jobs from 2011, including:
 - 38 Professionals, an increase of 3 jobs from 2011
 - 21 Technicians and trades workers, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011
 - 20 Managers, a decrease of 12 jobs from 2011.

Jobs by Industry by Occupation

Table 16: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2011 (a)(f)(g)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC Division)	2011									
	Occupation (ANZSCO major group)									
	Clerical and Administrative Workers	Community and Personal Service Workers	Labourers	Machinery Operators and Drivers	Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trades Workers	Other occupations	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	8
Arts and Recreation Services	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Construction	2	1	7	4	1	0	1	17	0	33
Education and Training	4	9	1	1	1	27	0	0	0	43
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Health Care and Social Assistance	0	3	4	0	0	3	0	1	2	13
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Public Administration and Safety	17	38	20	0	10	35	2	12	2	136
Retail Trade	1	2	3	4	13	2	14	2	0	41
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	1	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	10
Total	25	53	35	11	36	73	23	38	4	298

Source: Department of Business

Table 17: Count of filled jobs by industry by occupation, 2014 (a)(f)(g)(h)

Industry (ANZSIC Division)	2014									
	Occupation (ANZSCO major group)									
	Clerical and Administrative Workers	Community and Personal Service Workers	Labourers	Machinery Operators and Drivers	Managers	Professionals	Sales Workers	Technicians and Trades Workers	Other occupations	Total
Accommodation and Food Services	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	2	0	10
Arts and Recreation Services	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Construction	5	0	1	9	0	0	0	9	0	24
Education and Training	5	7	1	0	3	30	0	0	0	46
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	4
Financial and Insurance Services	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Health Care and Social Assistance	3	3	2	1	1	6	0	0	0	16
Other Services	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	4	0	8
Public Administration and Safety	25	53	32	3	7	39	1	10	0	170
Retail Trade	1	0	7	0	7	0	35	6	0	56
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Total	45	63	50	13	22	79	38	32	0	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- the majority of Professionals (the largest occupation group) were in the Public administration and safety industry (the largest industry)
- the majority of Community and personal service workers (the second largest occupation group) were in the Public administration and safety industry and the Education and training industry (the third largest industry), accounting for 53 and 7 jobs respectively.

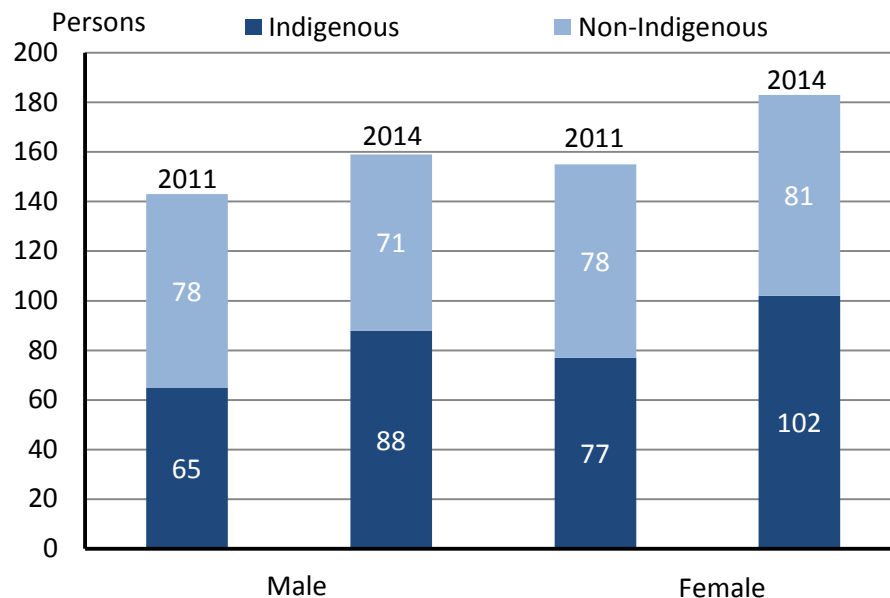
Jobs by Gender

Table 18: Count of filled jobs by gender and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(i)

Indicator	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Male	65	78	143	88	71	159	23	-7	16
Female	77	78	155	102	81	183	25	3	28
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 10: Count of filled jobs by gender and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(i)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 159 jobs filled by males
- of the 159 jobs filled by males:
 - 88 were Indigenous
 - 71 were non-Indigenous
- there were 183 jobs filled by females
- of the 183 jobs filled by females:
 - 102 were Indigenous
 - 81 were non-Indigenous.

Note: Due to the large number of persons for whom gender was not reported in 2011, the changes between 2014 and 2011 should be interpreted with caution. Further, as a result of this some components may not sum to totals.

Table 19: Count of filled jobs by gender, full-time/part-time status, employment status, sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 (a)(b)(d)(e)(i)

Indicator	2011								
	Male			Female			Total		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Full-time	43	73	116	44	59	103	87	132	219
Part-time	22	5	27	33	19	52	55	24	79
Total	65	78	143	77	78	155	142	156	298
Permanent	16	44	60	15	40	55	31	84	115
Temporary	49	34	83	62	38	100	111	72	183
Total	65	78	143	77	78	155	142	156	298
Public sector	21	13	34	23	34	57	44	47	91
Private sector	44	65	109	54	44	98	98	109	207
Total	65	78	143	77	78	155	142	156	298

Source: Department of Business

Table 20: Count of filled jobs by gender, full-time/part-time status, employment status, sector and Indigenous status of person in job, 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(i)

2014									
Indicator	Male			Female			Total		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Full-time	57	68	125	55	72	127	112	140	252
Part-time	31	3	34	47	9	56	78	12	90
Total	88	71	159	102	81	183	190	152	342
Permanent	25	51	76	45	51	96	70	102	172
Temporary	63	20	83	57	30	87	120	50	170
Total	88	71	159	102	81	183	190	152	342
Public sector	13	17	30	24	39	63	37	56	93
Private sector	75	54	129	78	42	120	153	96	249
Total	88	71	159	102	81	183	190	152	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 159 jobs filled by males, including:
 - 88 jobs filled by Indigenous males, including:
 - ◆ 57 full-time jobs and 31 part-time jobs
 - ◆ 25 permanent jobs and 63 temporary jobs
 - ◆ 13 public sector jobs and 75 private sector jobs
 - 71 jobs filled by non-Indigenous males, including:
 - ◆ 68 full-time jobs and 3 part-time jobs
 - ◆ 51 permanent jobs and 20 temporary jobs
 - ◆ 17 public sector jobs and 54 private sector jobs
- there were 183 jobs filled by females, including:
 - 102 jobs filled by Indigenous females, including:
 - ◆ 55 full-time jobs and 47 part-time jobs
 - ◆ 45 permanent jobs and 57 temporary jobs
 - ◆ 24 public sector jobs and 78 private sector jobs
 - 81 jobs filled by non-Indigenous females, including:
 - ◆ 72 full-time jobs and 9 part-time jobs
 - ◆ 51 permanent jobs and 30 temporary jobs
 - ◆ 39 public sector jobs and 42 private sector jobs.

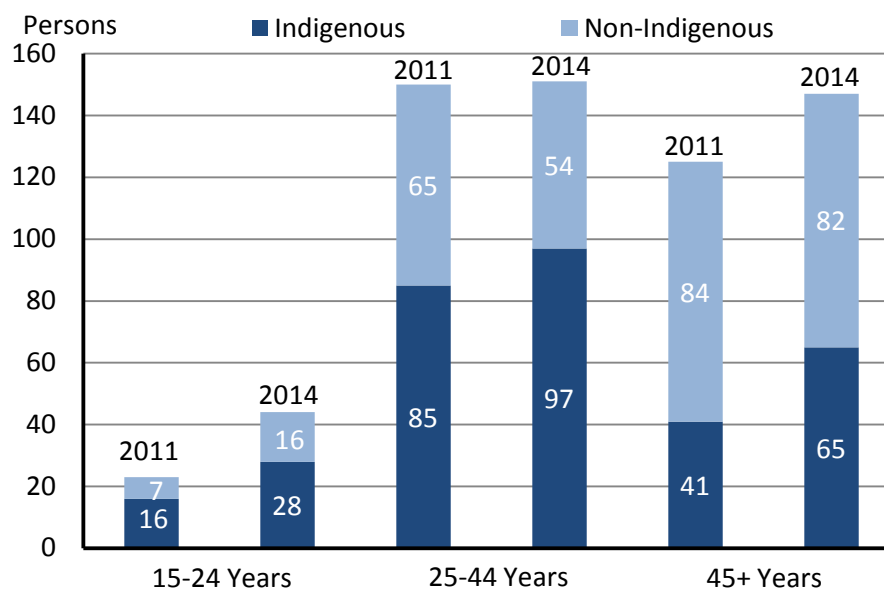
Jobs by Age

Table 21: Count of filled jobs by age and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(j)

Indicator	2011			2014			Change		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
15-24 years	16	7	23	28	16	44	12	9	21
25-44 years	85	65	150	97	54	151	12	-11	1
45+ years	41	84	125	65	82	147	24	-2	22
Total	142	156	298	190	152	342	48	-4	44

Source: Department of Business

Chart 11: Count of filled jobs by age and Indigenous status of person in job, 2011 and 2014 (a)(c)(j)



Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 44 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, an increase of 21 jobs from 2011
- of the 44 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years:
 - 28 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - 16 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, an increase of 9 jobs from 2011
- there were 151 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, an increase of 1 job from 2011
- of the 151 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years:
 - 97 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 12 jobs from 2011
 - 54 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 11 jobs from 2011

2014 Jobs Profile BORROLOOLA

- there were 147 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, an increase of 22 jobs from 2011
- of the 147 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years:
 - 65 jobs were filled by Indigenous persons, an increase of 24 jobs from 2011
 - 82 jobs were filled by non-Indigenous persons, a decrease of 2 jobs from 2011.

Table 22: Count of filled jobs by age, Indigenous status, employment status and sector of person in job, 2011 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(j)

Indicator	2011											
	15-24 years			25-44 years			45+ years			Total		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Full-time	12	3	15	48	61	109	27	68	95	87	132	219
Part-time	4	4	8	37	4	41	14	16	30	55	24	79
Total	16	7	23	85	65	150	41	84	125	142	156	298
Permanent	6	4	10	14	43	57	11	37	48	31	84	115
Temporary	10	3	13	71	22	93	30	47	77	111	72	183
Total	16	7	23	85	65	150	41	84	125	142	156	298
Public sector	7	1	8	23	17	40	14	29	43	44	47	91
Private sector	9	6	15	62	48	110	27	55	82	98	109	207
Total	16	7	23	85	65	150	41	84	125	142	156	298

Source: Department of Business

Table 23: Count of filled jobs by age, Indigenous status, employment status and sector of person in job, 2014 (a)(b)(c)(d)(e)(j)

Indicator	2014											
	15-24 years			25-44 years			45+ years			Total		
	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total	Indigenous	Non-Indigenous	Total
Full-time	16	15	31	53	51	104	43	74	117	112	140	252
Part-time	12	1	13	44	3	47	22	8	30	78	12	90
Total	28	16	44	97	54	151	65	82	147	190	152	342
Permanent	11	11	22	40	38	78	19	53	72	70	102	172
Temporary	17	5	22	57	16	73	46	29	75	120	50	170
Total	28	16	44	97	54	151	65	82	147	190	152	342
Public sector	7	1	8	17	21	38	13	34	47	37	56	93
Private sector	21	15	36	80	33	113	52	48	100	153	96	249
Total	28	16	44	97	54	151	65	82	147	190	152	342

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borrooloola:

- there were 44 jobs filled by persons aged 15-24 years, including:
 - 28 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 16 were full-time jobs and 12 were part-time jobs
 - ◆ 11 were permanent jobs and 17 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 7 were public sector jobs and 21 were private sector jobs
 - 16 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 15 were full-time jobs and 1 was a part-time job
 - ◆ 11 were permanent jobs and 5 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 1 was a public sector job and 15 were private sector jobs
- there were 151 jobs filled by persons aged 25-44 years, including:
 - 97 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 53 were full-time jobs and 44 were part-time jobs
 - ◆ 40 were permanent jobs and 57 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 17 were public sector jobs and 80 were private sector jobs
 - 54 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 51 were full-time jobs and 3 were part-time jobs
 - ◆ 38 were permanent jobs and 16 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 21 were public sector jobs and 33 were private sector jobs
- there were 147 jobs filled by persons aged 45+ years, including:
 - 65 jobs filled by Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 43 were full-time jobs and 22 were part-time jobs
 - ◆ 19 were permanent jobs and 46 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 13 were public sector jobs and 52 were private sector jobs
 - 82 jobs filled by non-Indigenous persons, of which:
 - ◆ 74 were full-time jobs and 8 were part-time jobs
 - ◆ 53 were permanent jobs and 29 were temporary jobs
 - ◆ 34 were public sector jobs and 48 were private sector jobs.

Vocational Education and Training

Table 24: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Students (k), 2010 and 2013

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		Change
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	12	7	12
Automotive	14	6	3	2	- 11
Building and Construction	69	29	9	5	- 60
Business and Clerical	21	9	2	1	- 19
Community Services, Health and Education	48	20	40	24	- 8
Engineering and Mining	25	11	4	2	- 21
General Education and Training	12	5	0	0	- 12
Primary Industry	27	11	55	34	28
Sales and Personal Service	6	3	16	10	10
Tourism and Hospitality	10	4	0	0	- 10
Transport and Storage	3	1	23	14	20
Utilities	1	0	0	0	- 1
Total	236	100	164	100	- 72

Source: Department of Business

In Borroloola during 2013:

- there were 164 VET students, a decrease of 72 students from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most students were Primary industry (55), Community services, health and education (40), and Transport and storage (23)
- Primary industry reported the largest increase in students (28) compared to 2010 and Building and construction reported the largest decrease in students (-60) over the same period.

Note: Since previous publications, the 2010 data have fallen in line with the new standardised reporting practices with an emphasis of all training activity undertaken in community regardless of funding stream. As such, figures for 2010 VET data in this publication may differ from previous publications.

The impact of the Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) being established in 2013 has played a significant role in the downturn of accredited training in many communities across the Territory.

Table 25: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Unit Enrolments (I), 2010 and 2013

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		Change
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	35	5	35
Automotive	49	5	8	1	- 41
Building and Construction	69	7	58	8	- 11
Business and Clerical	87	9	2	0	- 85
Community Services, Health and Education	132	14	150	21	18
Engineering and Mining	244	26	26	4	- 218
General Education and Training	105	11	0	0	- 105
Primary Industry	125	13	298	42	173
Sales and Personal Service	17	2	84	12	67
Tourism and Hospitality	63	7	0	0	- 63
Transport and Storage	50	5	50	7	0
Utilities	12	1	0	0	- 12
Total	953	100	711	100	- 242

Source: Department of Business

In Borroloola during 2013:

- there were 711 VET unit enrolments, a decrease of 242 unit enrolments from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit enrolments were Primary industry (298), Community services, health and education (150), and Sales and personal service (84)
- Primary industry reported the largest increase in unit enrolments (173) compared to 2010 and Engineering and mining reported the largest decrease in unit enrolments (-218) over the same period.

Note: Since previous publications, the 2010 data have fallen in line with the new standardised reporting practices with an emphasis of all training activity undertaken in community regardless of funding stream. As such, figures for 2010 VET data in this publication may differ from previous publications.

The impact of the Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) being established in 2013 has played a significant role in the downturn of accredited training in many communities across the Territory.

Table 26: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Nominal Hours Delivered (m), 2010 and 2013

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		Change
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	1 420	6	1 420
Automotive	1 110	5	140	1	- 970
Building and Construction	1 384	6	1 706	7	322
Business and Clerical	2 855	12	60	0	-2 795
Community Services, Health and Education	4 247	18	6 157	25	1 910
Engineering and Mining	4 346	18	748	3	-3 598
General Education and Training	2 309	10	0	0	-2 309
Primary Industry	3 885	16	10 690	43	6 805
Sales and Personal Service	545	2	2 425	10	1 880
Tourism and Hospitality	1 044	4	0	0	-1 044
Transport and Storage	1 460	6	1 390	6	- 70
Utilities	400	2	0	0	- 400
Total	23 585	100	24 736	100	1 151

Source: Department of Business

In Borroloola during 2013:

- there were 24 736 VET nominal hours delivered, an increase of 1151 nominal hours delivered from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most nominal hours delivered were Primary industry (10 690), Community services, health and education (6157), and Sales and personal service (2425)
- Primary industry reported the largest increase in nominal hours delivered (6805) compared to 2010 and Engineering and mining reported the largest decrease in nominal hours delivered (-3598) over the same period.

Note: Since previous publications, the 2010 data have fallen in line with the new standardised reporting practices with an emphasis of all training activity undertaken in community regardless of funding stream. As such, figures for 2010 VET data in this publication may differ from previous publications.

Table 27: Northern Territory Vocational Education and Training (VET) Unit Completions (n), 2010 and 2013

VET Funding Group	2010		2013		Change
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.
Arts, Entertainment, Sports and Recreation	0	0	35	7	35
Automotive	37	5	6	1	- 31
Building and Construction	65	8	44	9	- 21
Business and Clerical	59	7	1	0	- 58
Community Services, Health and Education	91	11	69	15	- 22
Engineering and Mining	196	25	26	5	- 170
General Education and Training	100	13	0	0	- 100
Primary Industry	122	15	177	37	55
Sales and Personal Service	0	0	74	16	74
Tourism and Hospitality	63	8	0	0	- 63
Transport and Storage	50	6	43	9	- 7
Utilities	11	1	0	0	- 11
Total	794	100	475	100	- 319

Source: Department of Business

In Borroloola during 2013:

- there were 475 VET unit completions, a decrease of 319 unit completions from 2010
- the areas of VET activity with the most unit completions were Primary industry (177), Sales and personal service (74), and Community services, health and education (69)
- Sales and personal service reported the largest increase in unit completions (74) compared to 2010 and Engineering and mining reported the largest decrease in unit completions (-170) over the same period.

Note: Since previous publications, the 2010 data have fallen in line with the new standardised reporting practices with an emphasis of all training activity undertaken in community regardless of funding stream. As such, figures for 2010 VET data in this publication may differ from previous publications.

The impact of the Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) being established in 2013 has played a significant role in the downturn of accredited training in many communities across the Territory.

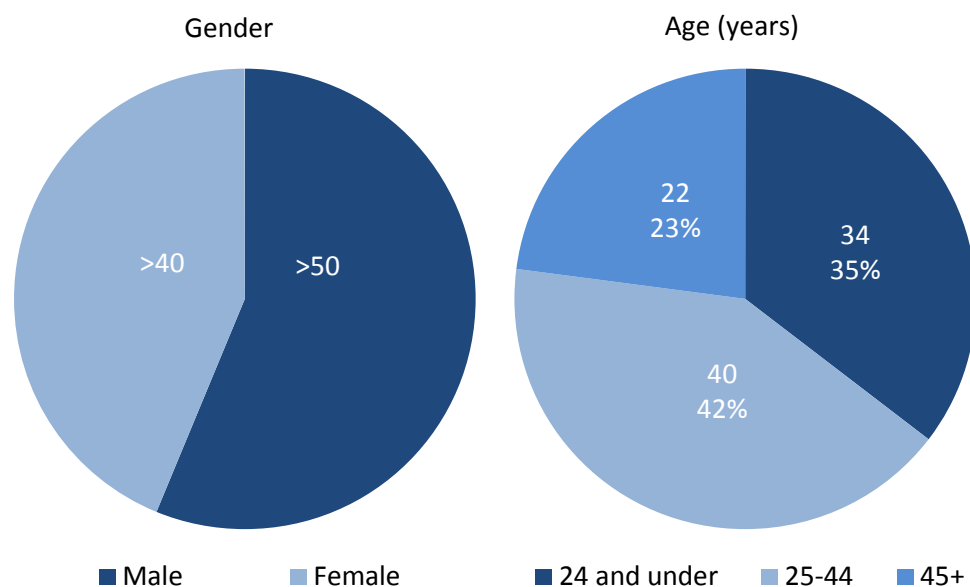
Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP)

Table 28: Remote Jobs and Communities Program Indigenous Job Seekers, 30 June 2014 (o)(p)(q)(r)

Indicator	Borroloola	
	Indigenous	
	No.	%
Age (years)		
19 and under	<20	n.a.
20-24	>20	n.a.
25-44	40	41.7
45+	22	22.9
Total	96	100.0
Gender		
Male	>50	n.a.
Female	>40	n.a.
Total	0	n.a.
Employment Outcome		
7 Weeks	<20	n.a.
13 Weeks	<20	n.a.
26 Weeks	<20	n.a.
Currently in Activities	77	n.a.

Source: Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

Chart 11: Remote Jobs and Communities Program Indigenous Job Seekers by Gender and Age Group, 30 June 2014 (o)(p)(q)(r)



Source: Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

As at 30 June 2014 in Borroloola:

- there were 96 RJCP Indigenous job seekers.
- of these:
 - less than 50 were male and less than 40 were female
 - less than 20 were aged 19 years and under, more than 20 were aged 20-24 years, 40 (41.7%) were aged 25-44 years, and 22 (22.9%) were aged 45+ years
 - less than 20 had reached the respective 7, 13 and 26 week reporting milestones
 - 77 (80.2%) were currently in activities.

Population

Table 29: Indigenous population distribution, 2011 (s)

Age (years)	Borroloola	
	2011	
	No.	%
0-4	101	14
5-14	157	21
15-64	449	61
65+	24	3
Total	731	100
Group		
Under 20 (0-19)	332	45
Youth (15-24)	147	20
Mature (50+)	76	10

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011 Census of Population and Housing

- In 2011, there were an estimated 731 Indigenous persons in Borroloola, 4.1% of the total Indigenous population in the MRTs
- More than half (65%) of the Indigenous population in Borroloola were aged 24 years or less.

Businesses

Table 30: Businesses in the community by sector (d)(t)

Business Name	Sector	Reported on in 2011?	Reported on in 2014?
Borrooloola Aerial Service	Private	Yes	No
Borrooloola Community Education Centre	Public	Yes	No
Cairns Industries Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	Yes
Cape Crawford Tourism	Private	Yes	No
Chartair Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	No
Department of Education	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of Health	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of Housing, Local Government and Regional Services (DHLGRS)	Public	Yes	No
Department of Human Services trading as Centrelink	Public	Yes	Yes
Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet	Public	Yes	Yes
Fisher, Terence trading as Terry Fisher Motors	Private	Yes	Yes
G.P Dalli & T.A Dalli trading as Red Dirt Trading (Gulf Meats)	Private	Yes	Yes
Geltch, Kylie Jane trading as Barra Van	Private	Yes	Yes
Gert, Frank trading as Naigai Garden and Maintenance	Private	Yes	Yes
Gulf Savannah NT Aboriginal Corporation	Private	No	Yes
IS Australia Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	No
J.S Sauer & T.E Sauer trading as TJs One Stop	Private	Yes	Yes
Katherine Aviation Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	Yes
King Ash Bay Lodge	Private	Yes	No
King Ash Bay Service Station	Private	Yes	No
Longton, Michael John trading as Outbush Photography	Private	Yes	Yes
Mabunji Aboriginal Resource Association Inc.	Private	Yes	Yes
Malandari Store/Malandari Partnership	Private	Yes	No
Marbrom Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	Yes
Mark I & Christine J Sauer trading as BB's Place	Private	Yes	Yes
Mr Bean Catering Pty Ltd trading as Paper Bark Café	Private	Yes	Yes
Northern Land Council	Private	Yes	Yes
NT Police, Fire and Emergency Services	Public	Yes	Yes
Pandion Haulage Pty Ltd	Private	No	Yes
Parks and Wildlife Commission Northern Territory	Public	Yes	Yes
Peter Brown Refrigeration	Private	Yes	No
Post Office	Public	Yes	No
Power Project NT Pty Ltd	Private	Yes	Yes
Redimart Pty Ltd trading as Redimart Café	Private	No	Yes
Roper Gulf Regional Council	Public	Yes	Yes
The Arnhem Land Progress Aboriginal Corporation (ALPA)	Private	Yes	Yes
The Trustee for Borrooloola Mini Mart Trust trading as Gulf Mini Mart	Private	Yes	Yes
The Trustee for McArthur River Developments Settlement trading as McArthur River Caravan Park	Private	Yes	Yes
The Trustee for Radovic Family Trust trading as Savannah Way Motel	Private	Yes	Yes
Top End Industries Pty Ltd trading as Borrooloola Hotel Motel	Private	Yes	Yes
Traditional Credit Union	Private	No	Yes

Source: Department of Business

In 2014 in Borrooloola:

- there were 30 businesses reported on, of which:
 - 7 businesses were from the public sector (23%)
 - 23 businesses were from the private sector (77%)
- 11 businesses were reported on in 2011 but not in 2014 as they were not identified as operating in the town in 2014. The businesses were: Borrooloola Aerial Service; Borrooloola Community Education Centre; Cape Crawford Tourism; Chartair Pty Ltd; Department of Housing, Local Government and Regional Services (DHLGRS); IS Australia Pty Ltd; King Ash Bay Lodge; King Ash Bay Service Station; Malandari Store/Malandari Partnership; Peter Brown Refrigeration; and Post Office.
- all businesses identified were reported on.



Notes

- (a) These counts represent numbers of filled jobs and not numbers of persons. As such the totals represent the total number of filled jobs, not the total number of employees. This count is not directly comparable to the total number of employed persons as a person may have several jobs or one job may be shared by more than one person.
- (b) Full-time is defined as a job usually requiring 35 hours or more per week or that required 35 hours or more work during the reference week. Part-time is defined as a job usually requiring less than 35 hours per week or that required less than 35 hours work during the reference week. The reference week refers to the period that respondents were asked to provide information about. In most instances it would be the week prior to the week the questionnaire was completed. Questionnaires were predominantly conducted in June and July 2014.
- (c) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the Indigenous status of persons in the jobs. The Indigenous status of the person employed in a job was reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (d) Sector was classified using the Standard Economic Sector of Classifications of Australia (SESCA), 2008.
- (e) Job permanency is classified according to what the business believes the level of job permanency is based on guidelines provided by data collectors. Those guidelines state a permanent job has paid annual and/or sick leave entitlements while a temporary job includes casual and fixed-term contract jobs.
- (f) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), 2006, major occupation level.
- (g) Other occupations include jobs where occupation was not stated, not known or inadequately described.
- (h) Classified using the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006, division level.
- (i) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the gender of persons in the jobs. The gender of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (j) Care needs to be taken when analysing the counts of filled jobs by the age of persons in the jobs. The age of the person employed in a job is reported by the business representative completing the questionnaire.
- (k) Students represent the number of individual clients that enrolled in a Vocational Education and Training unit during the calendar year.
- (l) Unit enrolments represent the count of individual units that students enrolled in during the calendar year.
- (m) Nominal hours delivered is the sum of the nominal hours of the units commenced during the calendar year regardless of when the course enrolment commenced.
- (n) Unit completions are the count of all successfully completed units reported in the calendar year regardless of the year of commencement of the units.
- (o) The Remote Jobs and Communities Program (RJCP) commenced on 1 July 2013, replacing Job Services Australia, Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), Indigenous Employment Program and Disability Employment Services in 60 remote regions across Australia.
- (p) An RJCP job seeker is a person living in an RJCP Region who has been referred to Employment Services by Centrelink (Department of Human Services), or who has directly registered with an RJCP Provider as a community volunteer.
- (q) Employment outcomes are those claimed by RJCP Providers for assisting RJCP job seekers to achieve employment lasting 7, 13 or 26 weeks.
- (r) Examples of job seeker activities include: cultural activities, mentoring, voluntary work, unpaid work experience placement, self-employment, education and training, employment or training programs, part time or casual paid employment and other programs or activities.
- (s) The stated population figure reflects counts of usual residents captured in the 2011 Census of Population and Housing only. As such, this figure will likely understate actual resident population.
- (t) A 'business' has been defined as any organisation that has undertaken productive activities in the last year, including companies, non-profit organisations, government departments and enterprises operating within the designated remote geography (town), and has one or more employees in paid employment and an Australian Business Number (ABN).

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ANZSCO	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations
ANZSIC	Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
d.n.p	Did not participate
ICT	Information and communications technology
MRT	Major Remote Town
n.a.	Not available
No.	Number
Perm	Permanent
ppt	Percentage point
RJCP	Remote Jobs and Communities Program
RSD	Remote Service Delivery
Temp	Temporary
VET	Vocational Education and Training

For more information, please contact:

Department of Business
GPO Box 3200
Darwin NT 0801

Phone: 08 8982 1700

Fax: 08 8982 1725

Email: info.dbe@nt.gov.au

Website: www.nt.gov.au/dob

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet
Roper Gulf Regional Council

Published by the Department of Business

© Northern Territory Government 2014

Apart from any use permitted under the Australian Copyright Act 1968 no part of this document may be reproduced without permission from the Northern Territory Government through the Department of Business.